

Sulphur dioxide from ground-based Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy: application to volcanic emissions

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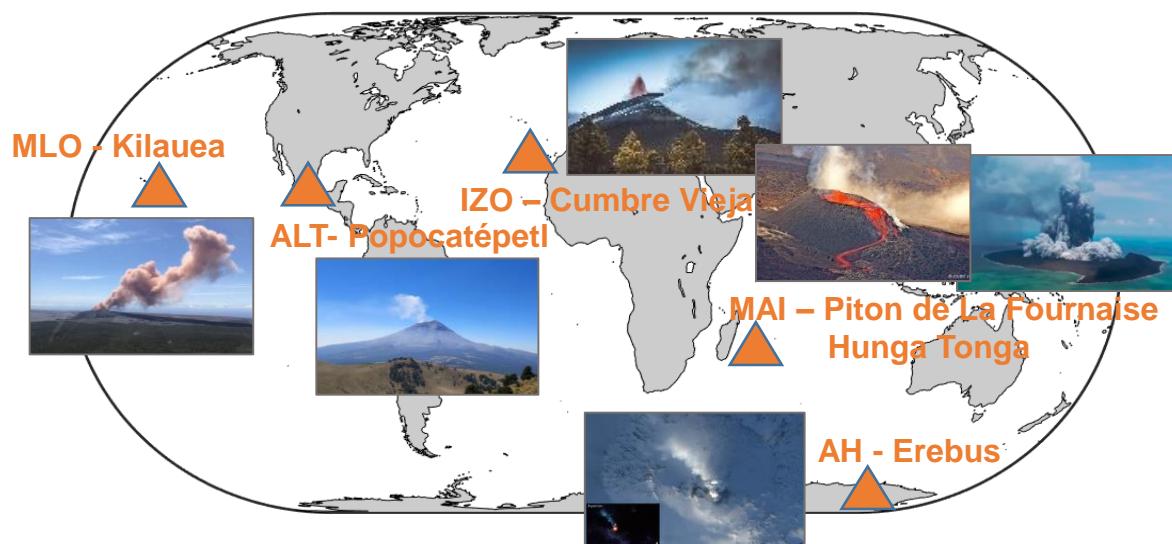
NDACC Meeting, 1 July 2022

Motivation

- FTIR harmonised SO₂ retrieval within NDACC/IRWG
- Volcanic emissions, but it could be extended to other SO₂ sources

NDACC sites and Volcanoes

- Arrival Heights (AH, Antarctica) – **Erebus** (1972-ongoing)
- Altzomoni (ALT, Mexico) – **Popocatépetl** (1994-ongoing)
- Mauna Loa (MLO, USA) – **Kilauea** (May-Aug 2018)
- Izaña (IZO, Spain) – **Cumbre Vieja** (Sep-Dec 2021)
- Reunion Island/Maido (MAI, France) – **Piton de La Fournaise** (1999-ongoing)
Hunga Tonga (Dic 2021-Jan 2022)



SO₂ Retrieval Strategies (1/2)

ORIGINAL RESEARCH article
Front. Earth Sci., 07 June 2019 | https://doi.org/10.3389/feart.2019.00114



- Based on Taquet et al. (2019), but they have been optimized and applied consistently to all FTIR sites

Variability in the Gas Composition of the Popocatépetl Volcanic Plume

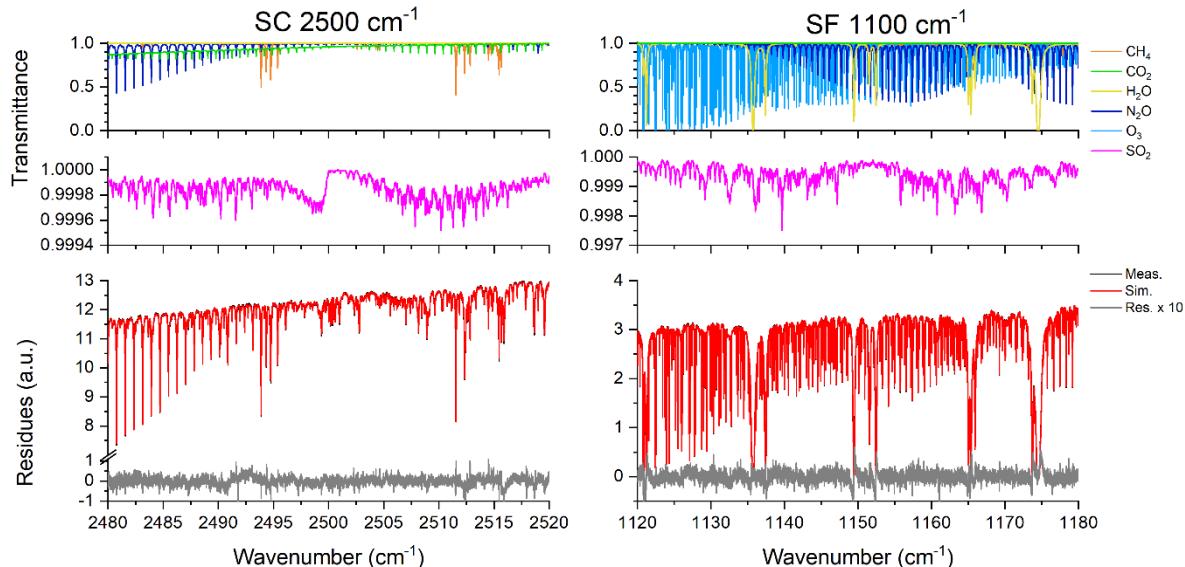
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MW (cm ⁻¹)	Filter/Detector	Interfering Gases	Fit
2480-2520	S3&S4, InSb	H ₂ O, CO ₂ , O ₃ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, SO ₂	Scale retrieval for all gases
1120-1180	S6, MCT	H ₂ O, HDO, CO ₂ , O ₃ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, SO ₂ , CFC12	Profile retrieval for SO₂, H₂O, O₃ Scale retrieval for the remaining gases

- For 1100 cm⁻¹ region the **positive constrain using a profile retrieval on a logarithmic scale** is **CRITICAL**, because it avoids SO₂ negative concentrations and provides more stable retrievals.

- Total DOFS ≈ 1
(SO₂ vertical information is not retrievable!).

- WACCM v6 for all a priori profiles, except for SO₂
(on-site information!).



SO₂ Retrieval Strategies (2/2)

- HITRAN 2008/2020 Comparison

HIT2020 > HIT2008 by 1% for 2500 cm⁻¹

(fitting residuals&convergence&comparison wrt Brewer/Pandora are similar)

HIT2020 < HIT2008 by 3% for 1150 cm⁻¹

(fitting residuals (4%)&convergence&comparison wrt Brewer/Pandora are better for HIT2020)



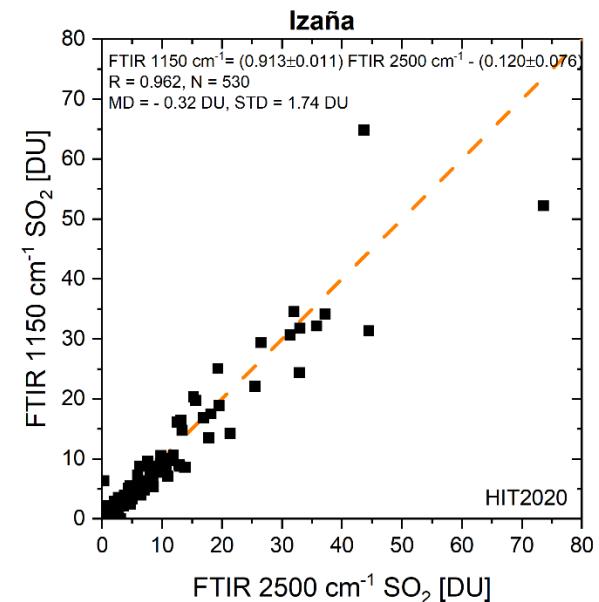
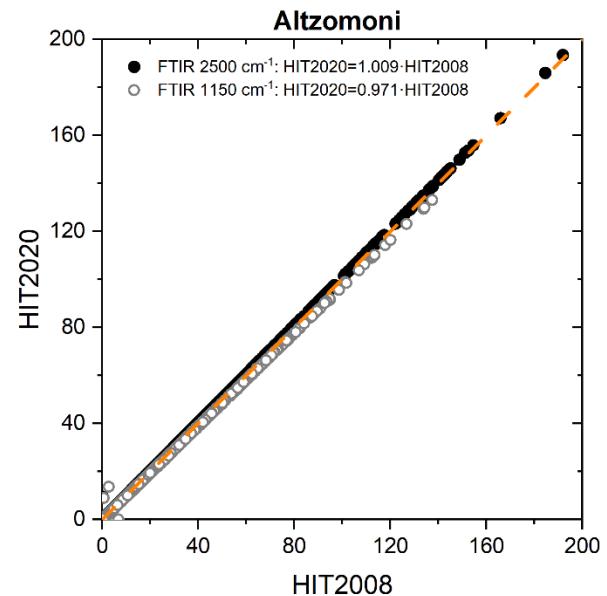
HIT2020 for all gases

- Consistency between 2500 cm⁻¹ and 1150 cm⁻¹

Temporal Window: ± 10 min

Mean Difference (1150 cm⁻¹ - 2500 cm⁻¹) = -0.32 DU

STD = 1.74 DU, Greater variability for large SO₂ columns



SO₂ Time Series

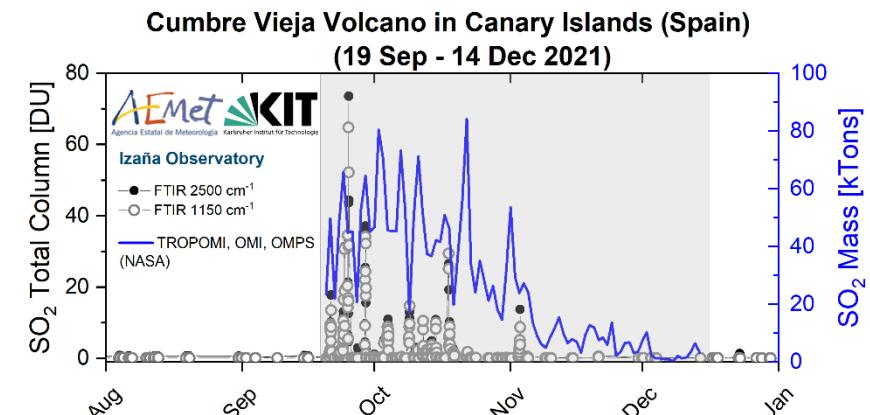
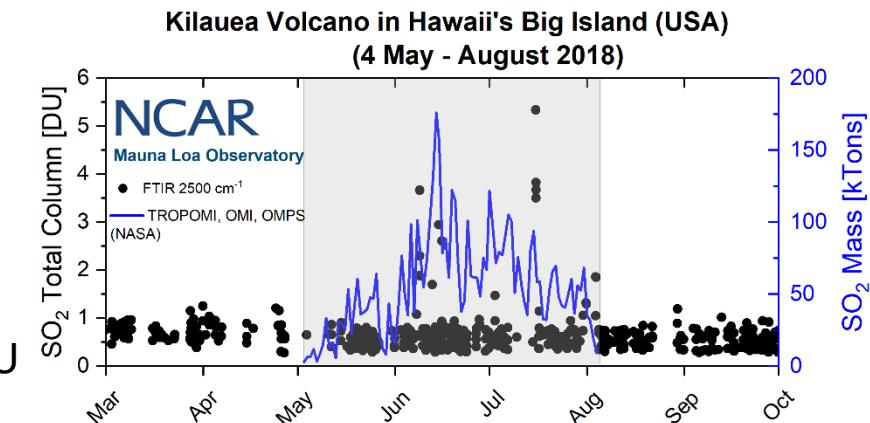
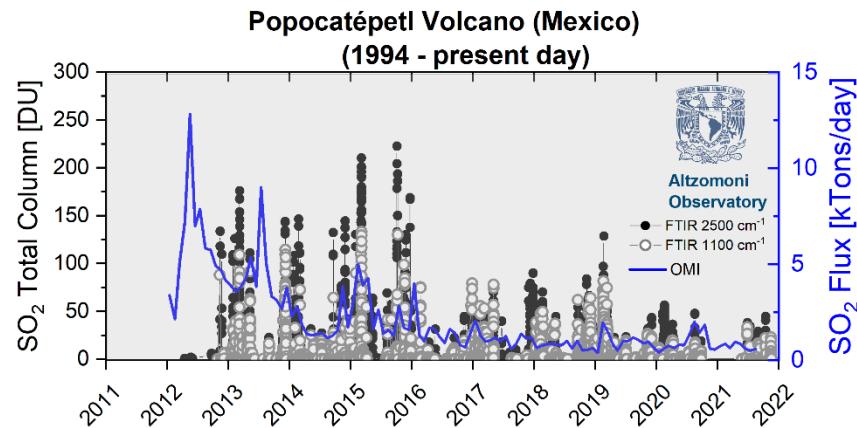
ALT ~ 10 km from Popocatépetl=>
 SO₂ enhancements as large as 250 DU
 Great variability (very quick SO₂ changes)
 Continuous SO₂ signal, pure plume

MLO ~ 33 km from Kilauea=>
 Sparse and low SO₂ enhancements of 5 DU
 SO₂ background < 1 DU

IZO ~ 140 km from Cumbre Vieja=>
 Moderate SO₂ enhancements between 10-70 DU
 SO₂ plume transport, pure plume
 SO₂ background < 1 DU

Space-based SO₂ flux for Popocatépetl from Boulesteix et. al., Modulation of Popocatépetl's activity by regional and worldwide earthquakes, Bulletin of Volcanology, in press, 2022.

Space-based SO₂ mass for Kilauea and Cumbre Vieja from NASA (<https://so2.gsfc.nasa.gov/>)



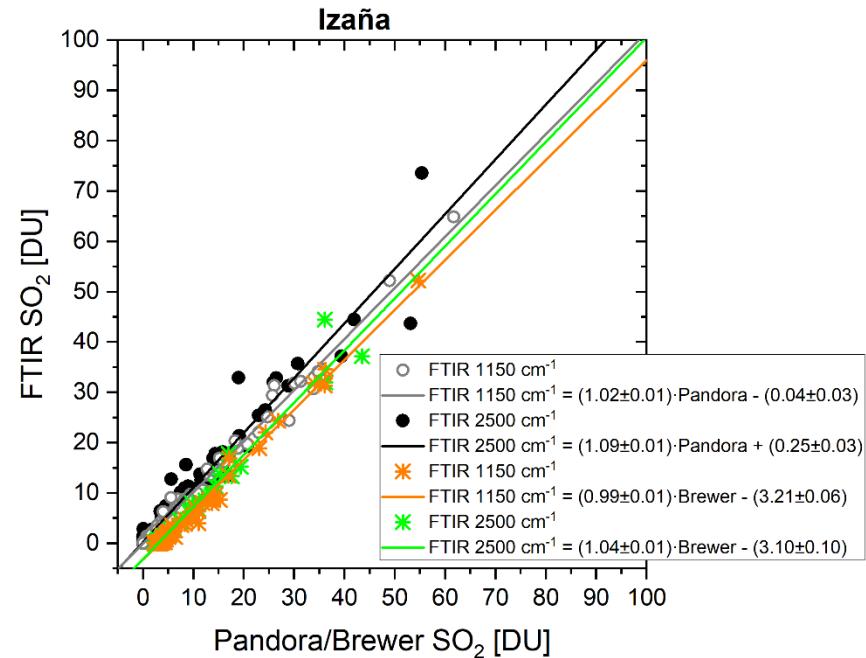
Comparison to Other Reference Observations: Izaña

Pandora/Brewer (Sep2021 - Feb2022)

Temporal Window: ± 10 min

Difference = FTIR - Pandora/Brewer

Pandora (All SO ₂ >0)	MD (DU)	STD (DU)	R
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	0.535	1.368	0.981
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	0.463	1.368	0.981
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	0.085	0.697	0.995
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	-0.007	0.623	0.995



Excellent correlation for all SO₂ range

HITRAN 2020 provides the best agreement between techniques (1150 cm⁻¹)

Brewer shows a positive bias of 3 DU (SO₂ cross section?)

Brewer	MD (DU)	STD (DU)	R
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	-2.836	0.975	0.984
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	-2.897	0.978	0.984
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	-3.160	0.698	0.995
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	-3.248	0.670	0.995

Comparison to Other Reference Observations: Altzomoni

Pandora (2019 - Feb2022)

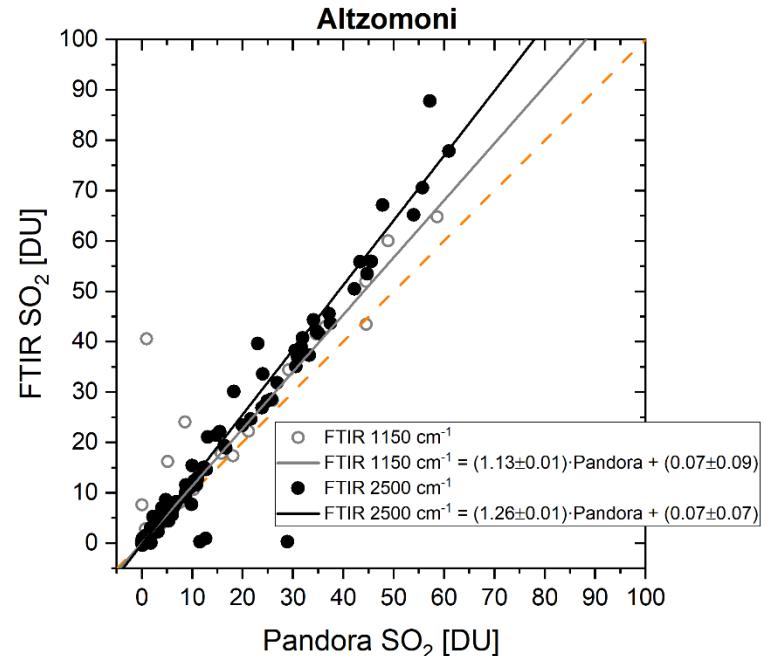
Temporal Window: ± 12 sec

Difference = FTIR - Pandora

Pandora-ALT (All SO ₂ >0)*	MD (DU)	STD (DU)	R
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	1.789	4.023	0.994
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	1.752	4.182	0.994
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	0.710	1.913	0.997
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	0.549	1.635	0.997

Pandora-IZO (All SO ₂ >0)	MD (DU)	STD (DU)	R
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	0.535	1.368	0.981
2500 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	0.463	1.368	0.981
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2008	0.085	0.697	0.995
1150 cm ⁻¹ HIT2020	-0.007	0.623	0.995

* Comparison ruling out plumes not detected by one of the techniques



Altzomoni FTIR-Pandora comparison shows a bias wrt Izaña comparison

Altzomoni doubles the scatter observed at IZO (greater SO₂ variability)

Scatter between techniques is comparable to background signal!!

Summary and Outlook

- **Harmonised SO₂ retrieval strategy** valid for different volcanic events (high SO₂ amounts and quick SO₂ changes, low enhancements, ...)
- **Consistent SO₂ retrievals from two spectral regions** (covered by MCT and InSb detectors), which allows ratios among different co-emitted volcanic gases to be assessed in order to understand the evolution of volcanic eruptions (i.e. HCl, HBr, SiF₄, CO).
- Different tests are still pending (HIT2008 vs HIT2020, WACCM V6 vs V7, TIKP vs OE, uncertainty assesment, ...). **However,**
- Excellent agreement with other reference observations: **reliable FTIR SO₂ retrieval!!!**
- Maido and Arrival Heights SO₂ retrievals are ongoing. **Other FTIR sites affected by volcanic emissions?**
- Retrieval strategy valid for **other SO₂ sources?** Other FTIR sites?



A collage of nine photographs capturing volcanic activity at night. The images show various stages of eruptions, from glowing lava flows to large plumes of smoke and fire. The scenes are set against dark skies or illuminated by the intense orange and red light of the lava.

Many thanks!!!!