



TCCON4S5P



First validation results of S-5P methane and update of the CO validation results using TCCON and NDACC-IRWG data

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# Sentinel-5 Precursor

**Sentinel-5 Precursor (S-5 P)** is the first of the ESA atm. composition of Sentinels contributing to the European Commission Copernicus Programme to improve our understanding of the planet and the environment.

S-5 P has been successfully launched on 13<sup>th</sup> October 2017. Near-polar sun-synchronous orbit at an altitude of 824 km with an ascending node equatorial crossing at 13:30. Orbit cycle is 16 days (14 orbits per day, 227 orbits per cycle). Mission duration is 7 years.

**TROPOspheric Monitoring Instrument (TROPOMI)** onboard S-5 P is a grating spectrometer covering 8 bands (UV – short-wave IR), common telescope for UVN and SWIR, pushbroom configuration and wide swath ( $108^\circ \rightarrow 2600$  km on surface). The primary products measured are Ozone, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, CH<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, Aerosol, Clouds and UV-Index. The application of the data measured will be on ozone layer monitoring, climate monitoring, air quality monitoring and forecast, volcanic plume detection and UV index forecast.

TROPOMI uses the absorption information from the Oxygen-A Band (757–774 nm) and the SWIR spectral channel (2305–2385 nm) to retrieve the CH<sub>4</sub> global abundance in the Earth's atmosphere. CH<sub>4</sub> products has a spatial sampling of 7x7 km<sup>2</sup>.

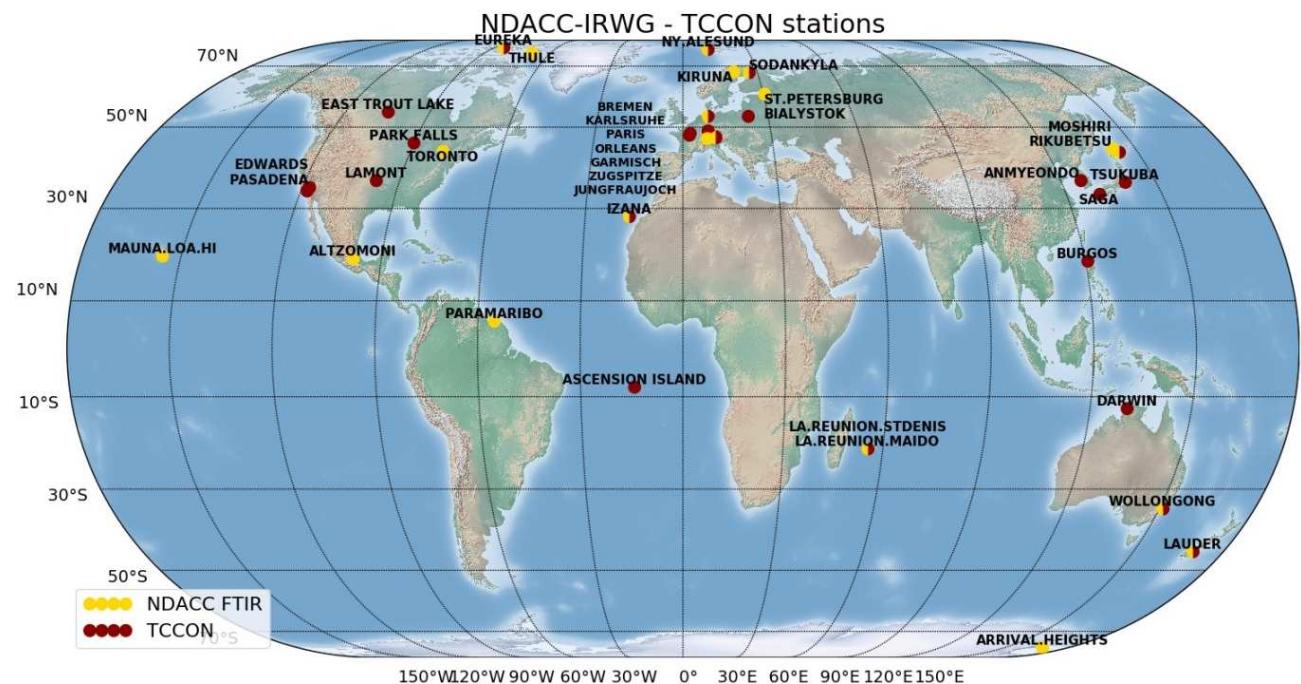
**Table 1 – Sentinel-5P TROPOMI mandatory atmospheric composition data products addressed by this project**

Parameter	Data Product	Vertical resolution	Systematic Uncertainty Requirement	Random Uncertainty Requirement
CH <sub>4</sub>	Total CH <sub>4</sub>	Total column	1.5%	1%
CO	Total CO	Total column	15%	<10%



# Groundbased networks used for the validation study

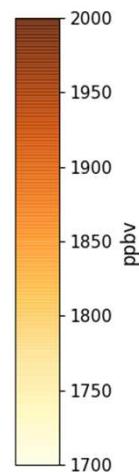
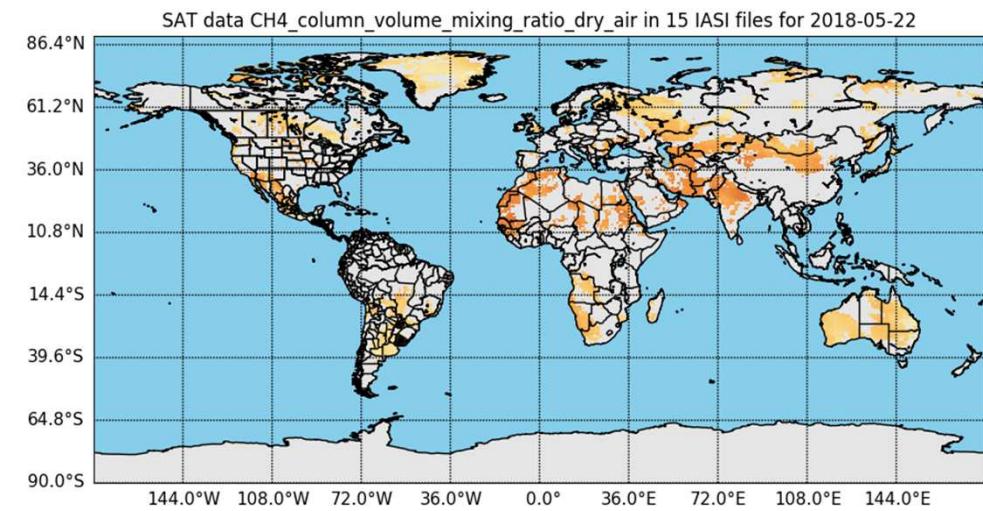
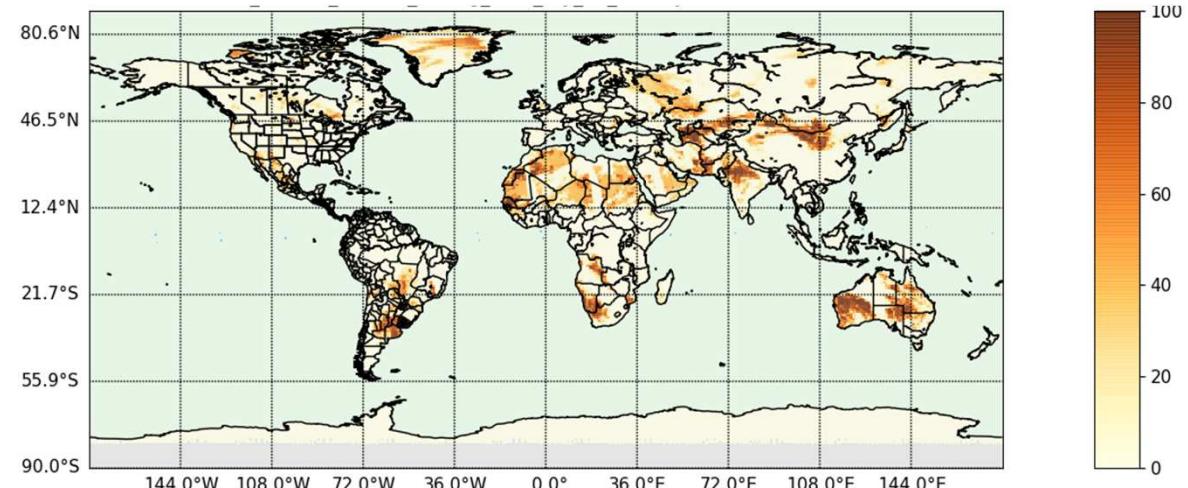
- The Total Carbon Column Observing Network (TCCON)
  - 22 stations in the northern hemisphere and 5 stations in the southern hemisphere
  - High accuracy / precision (0.2% / 0.5% for CH<sub>4</sub> and 2% / 1% for CO)
- The infrared Working group (IRWG) of the NDACC
  - 10 stations in the northern hemisphere and 4 stations in the southern hemisphere
  - Accuracy / precision (3% / 1.5% for CH<sub>4</sub> and 3% / 1% for CO)





# TROPOMI global plot for Methane ( $\text{CH}_4$ )

S-5P  $\text{CH}_4$  QA values: strict filtering  
→ no island stations for validation

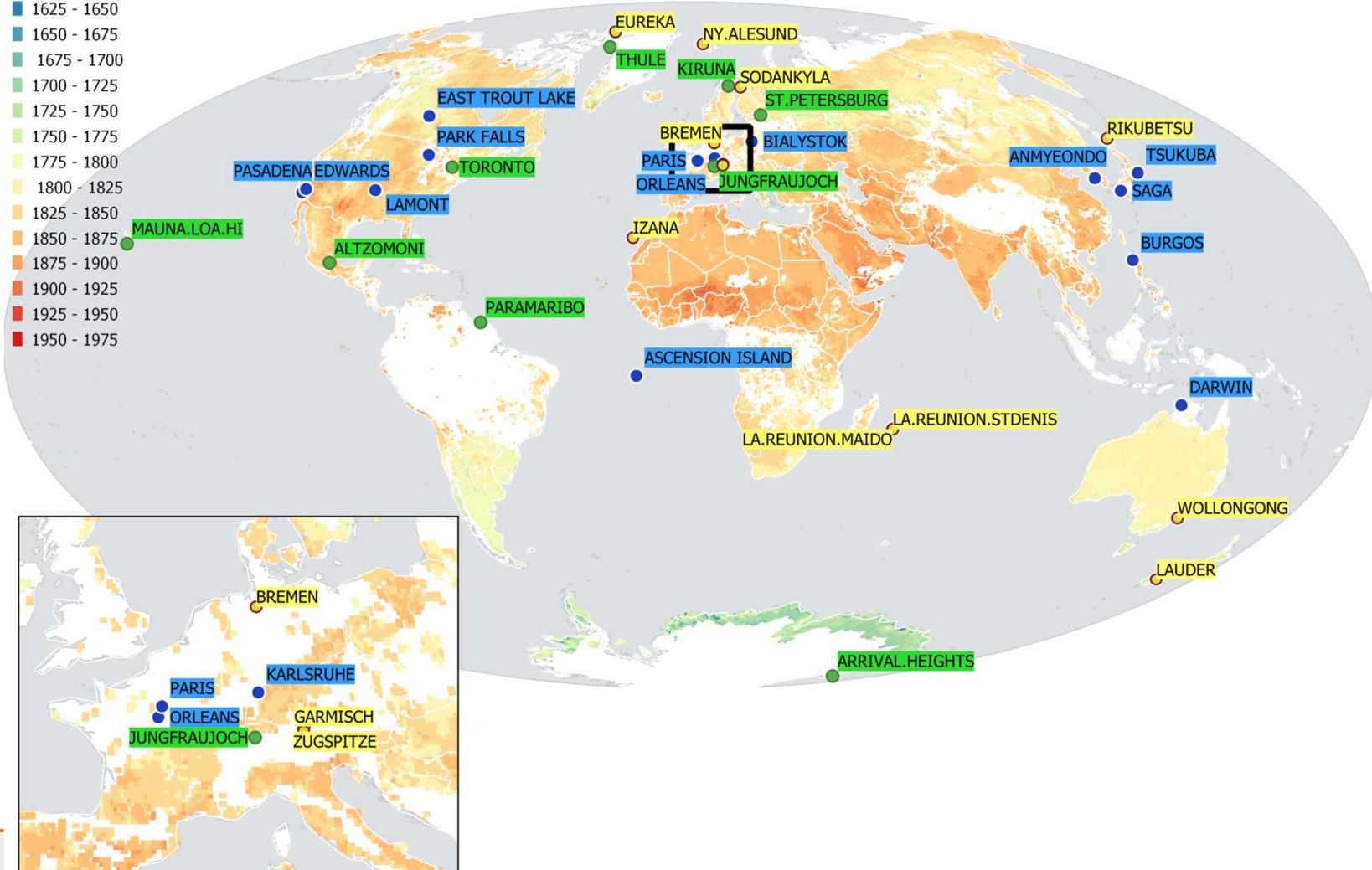




# S-5P xCH<sub>4</sub> global plot – mean of 1-20 March 2019

S5P xCH<sub>4</sub> [ppb] for Mar 1-20 2019

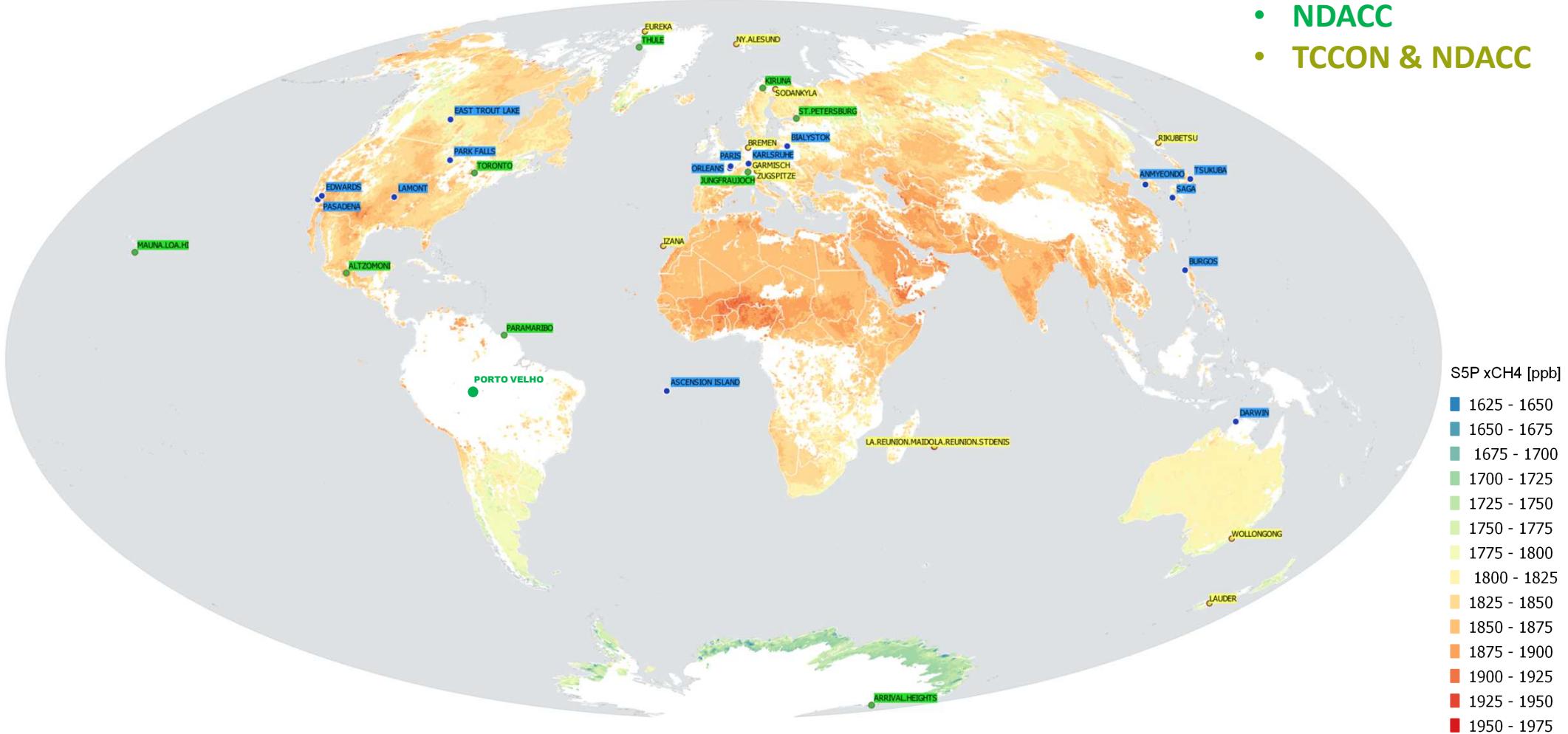
- 1625 - 1650
- 1650 - 1675
- 1675 - 1700
- 1700 - 1725
- 1725 - 1750
- 1750 - 1775
- 1775 - 1800
- 1800 - 1825
- 1825 - 1850
- 1850 - 1875
- 1875 - 1900
- 1900 - 1925
- 1925 - 1950
- 1950 - 1975





# S-5P xCH<sub>4</sub> global plot - mean of 1-20 March 2019

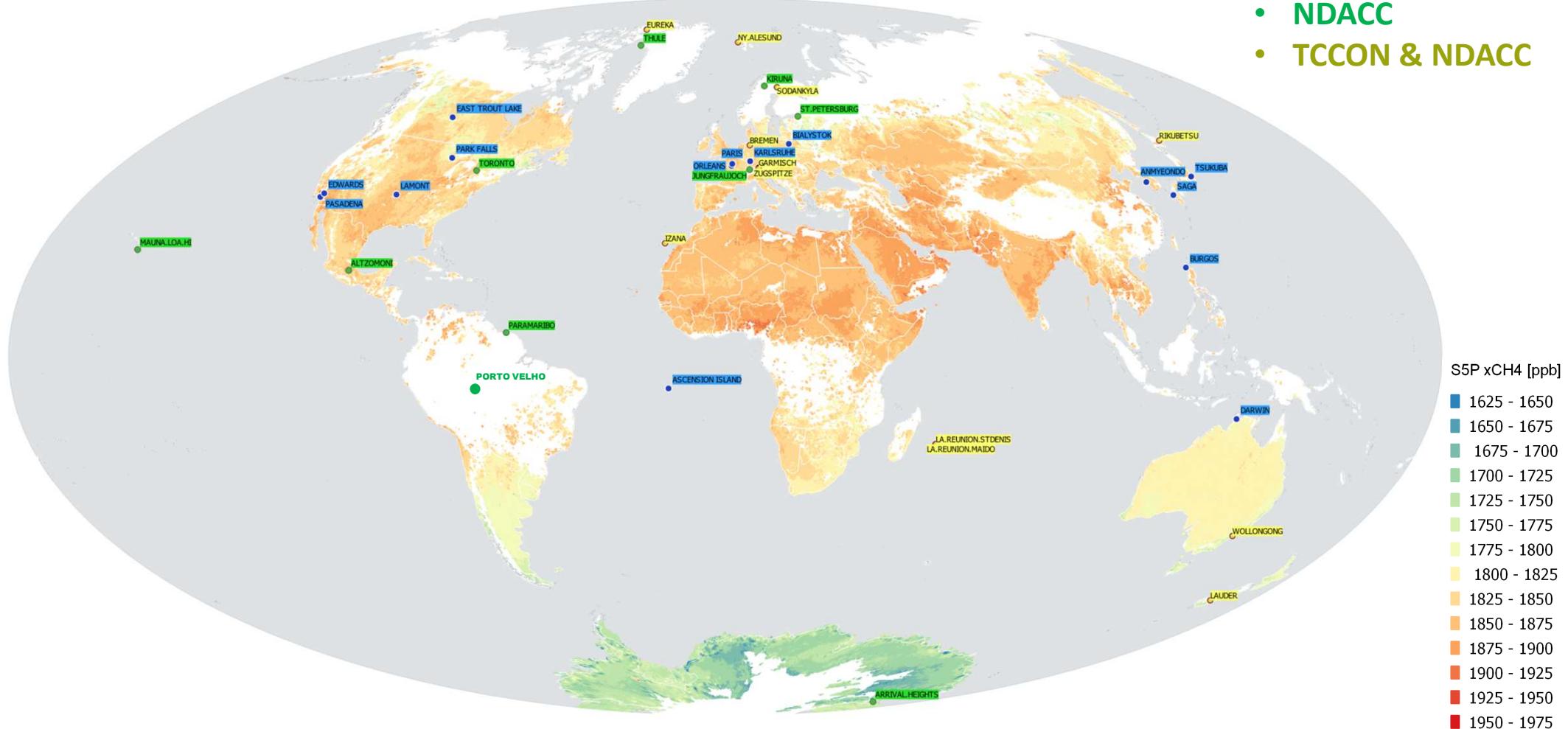
- TCCON
- NDACC
- TCCON & NDACC





# S-5P xCH<sub>4</sub> global plot - mean of 1-28 February 2019

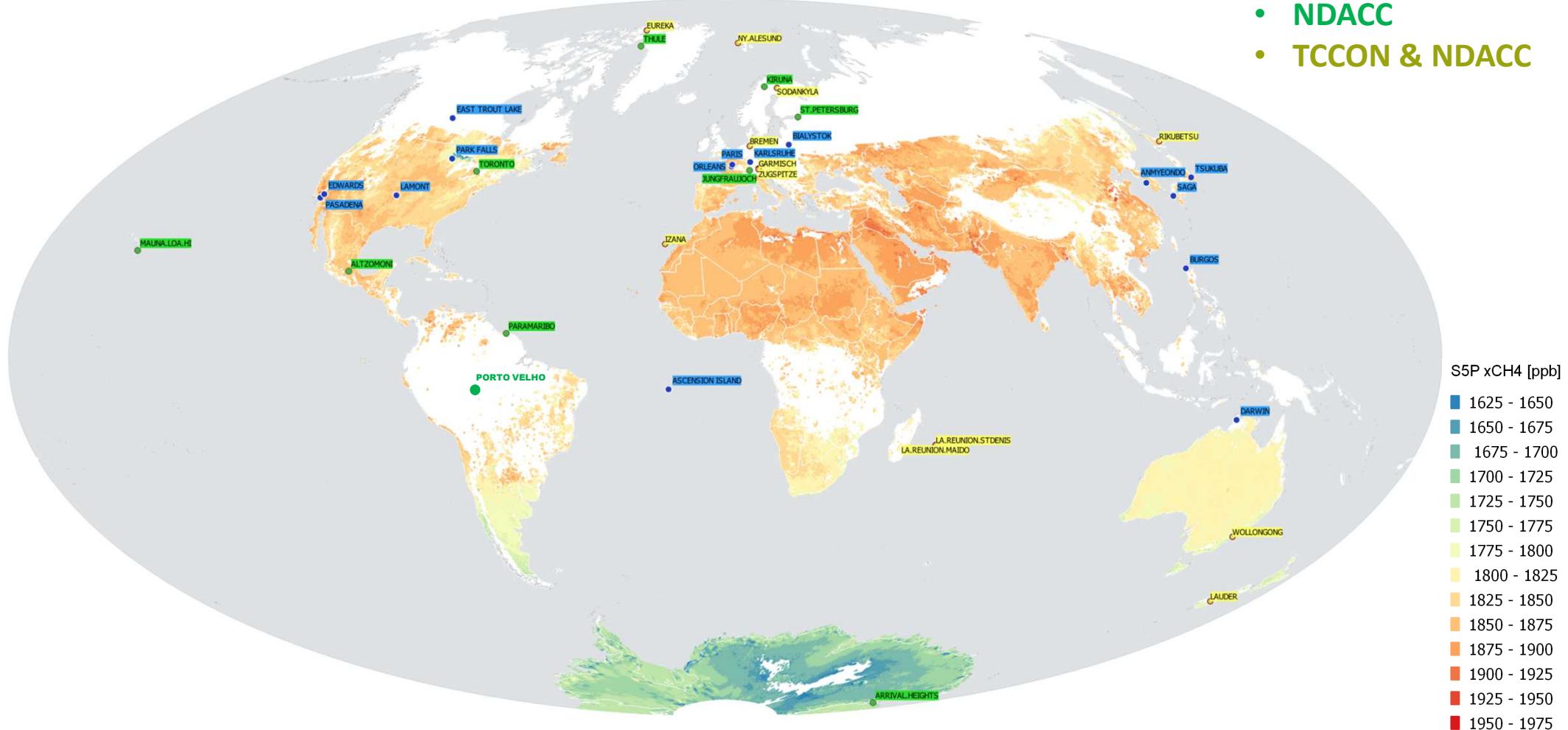
- TCCON
- NDACC
- TCCON & NDACC





# S-5P xCH<sub>4</sub> global plot - mean of 1-31 January 2019

- TCCON
- NDACC
- TCCON & NDACC



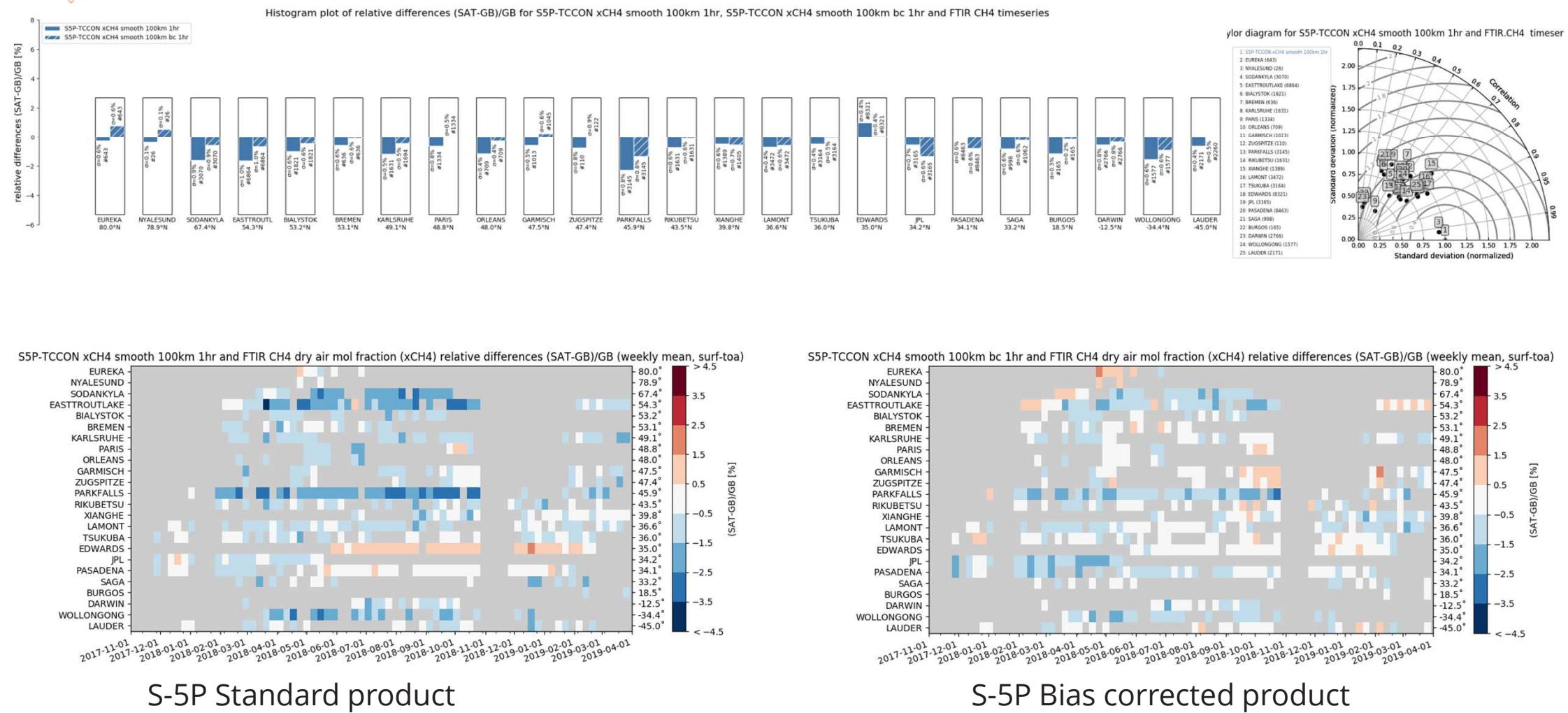


# Coincidence criteria for validation study

- Period of study started with the first available data (17 November 2017 till 1 April 2019)
- TCCON data provided by 27 stations (fast data delivery and standard data) → Many Thanks!
- NDACC data provided by 14 stations (rapid data delivery – CAMS27 contract [cams27.aeronomie.be](http://cams27.aeronomie.be)) → Many Thanks!
- S-5P data from the Copernicus data hub and Mission Performance Centre (MPC) provided by the Payload Data Ground Segment (PDGS) at DLR
  - S-5P CH<sub>4</sub> version 01.02.02 and 01.03.00 (RPRO & OFFL)
- Coincidence criteria for CH<sub>4</sub> and CO: Time delta = 1h (TCCON) & 6h, 3h & 1h (NDACC); Geo-distance delta = 50 km and 100 km radius, qa\_value>0.5. Normal XCH<sub>4</sub> product and bias-corrected XCH<sub>4</sub> product. From the coincident and filtered satellite measurements an average of all pixels is taken for each TCCON and NDACC measurements
- S-5P CH<sub>4</sub> and CO priori is used as common prior (Rodgers, 2003), altitude correction is done for each satellite pixel to the ground-based station height
- Validation using NDACC CH<sub>4</sub> and CO data are part of the VDAF study ([mpc-vdaf.tropomi.eu](http://mpc-vdaf.tropomi.eu))



# S-5P validation results - XCH<sub>4</sub>

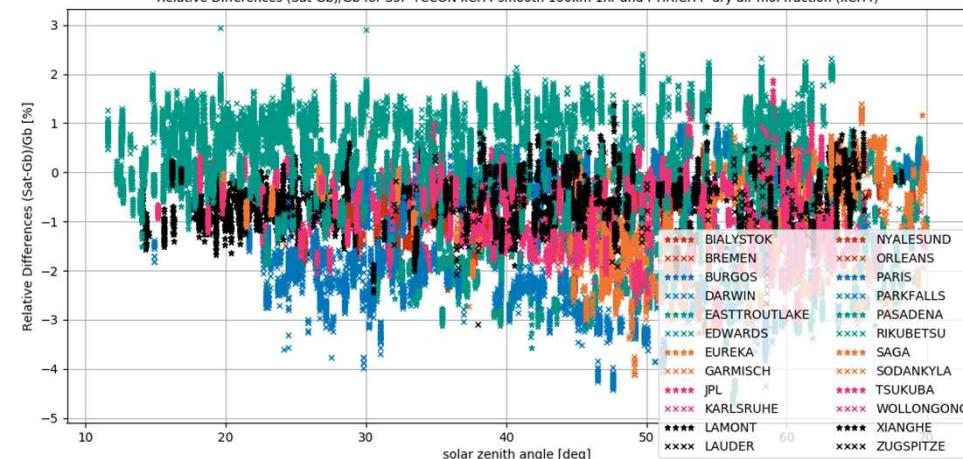




# S-5P validation results - XCH<sub>4</sub>

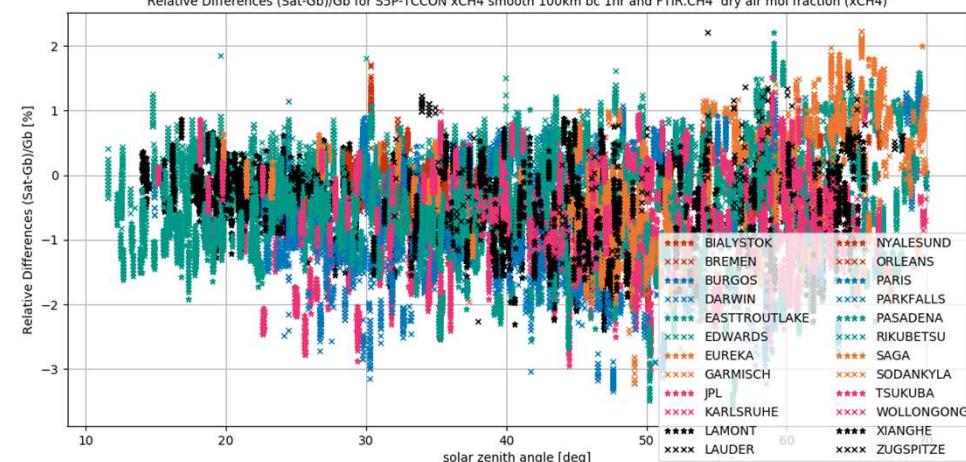
## S-5P Standard product

Relative Differences (Sat-Gb)/Gb for S5P-TCCON xCH4 smooth 100km 1hr and FTIR.CH4 dry air mol fraction (xCH4)

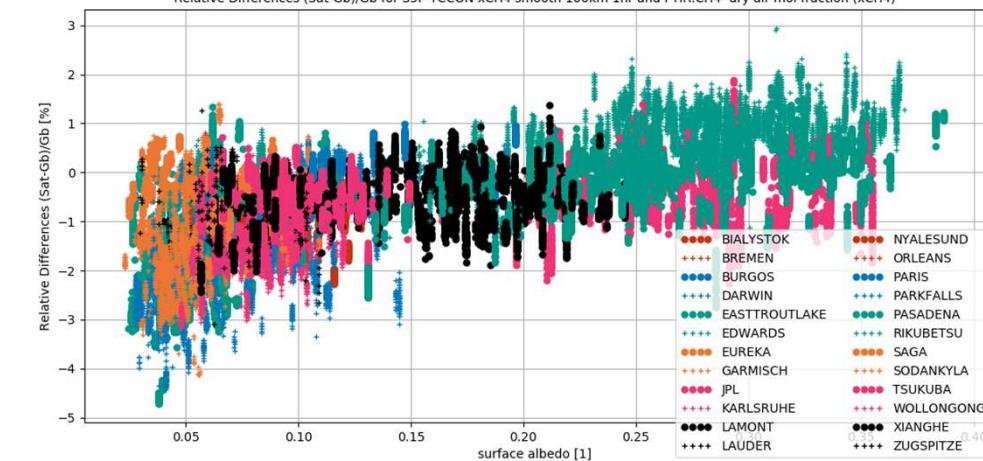


## S-5P Bias corrected product

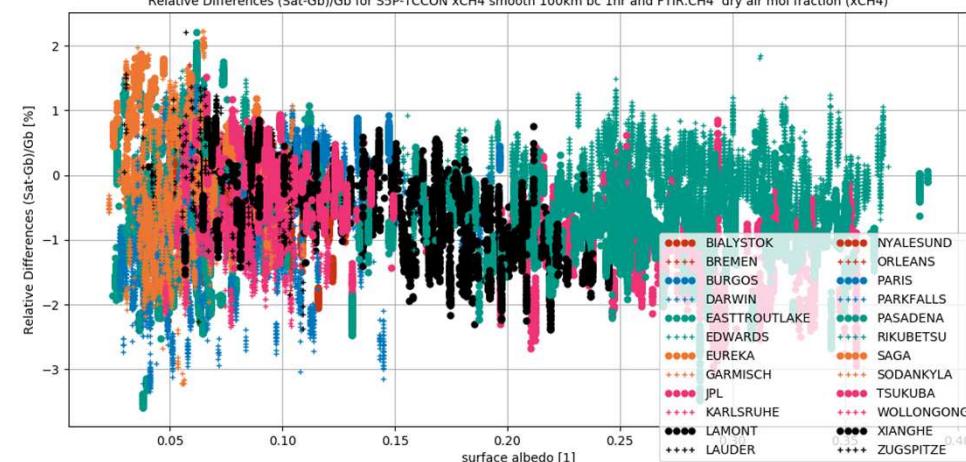
Relative Differences (Sat-Gb)/Gb for S5P-TCCON xCH4 smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH4 dry air mol fraction (xCH4)



Relative Differences (Sat-Gb)/Gb for S5P-TCCON xCH4 smooth 100km 1hr and FTIR.CH4 dry air mol fraction (xCH4)



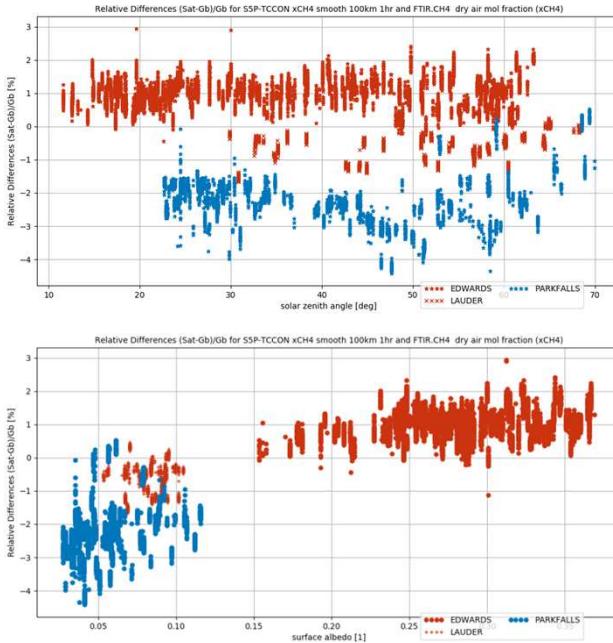
Relative Differences (Sat-Gb)/Gb for S5P-TCCON xCH4 smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH4 dry air mol fraction (xCH4)



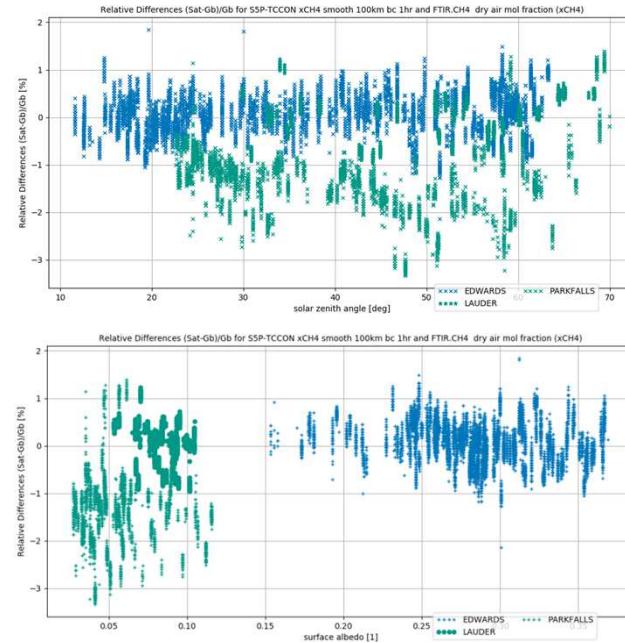


# S-5P validation results - XCH<sub>4</sub>

## S-5P Standard product



## S-5P Bias corrected product



S5P-TCCON xCH4 smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH4 dry air mol fraction (xCH4) values  
(surf - toa, PARKFALLS (lat.=45.9°), 2017-12-31 till 2019-03-03, 3145 meas.)

S5P-TCCON xCH4 smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH4 dry air mol fraction (xCH4) values  
(surf - toa, LAUDER (lat.=45.0°), 2017-12-28 till 2019-03-28, 2260 meas.)

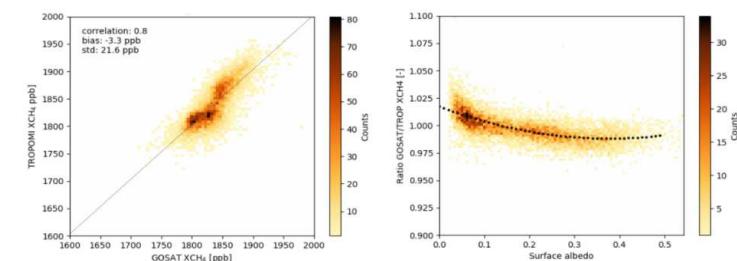
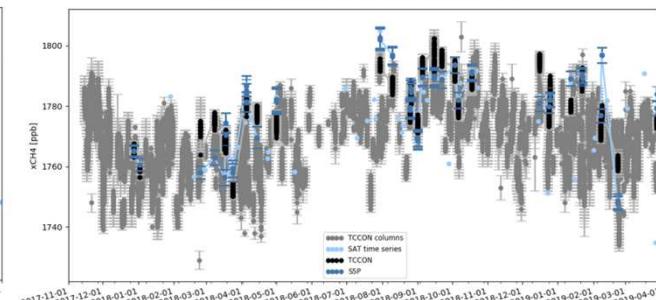
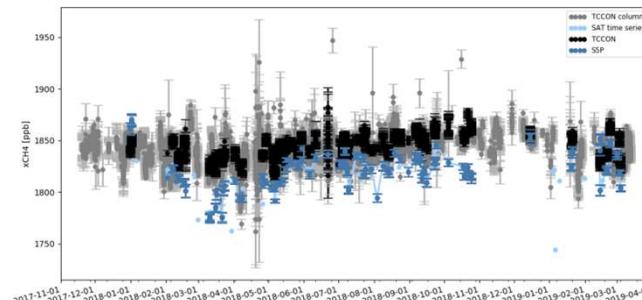


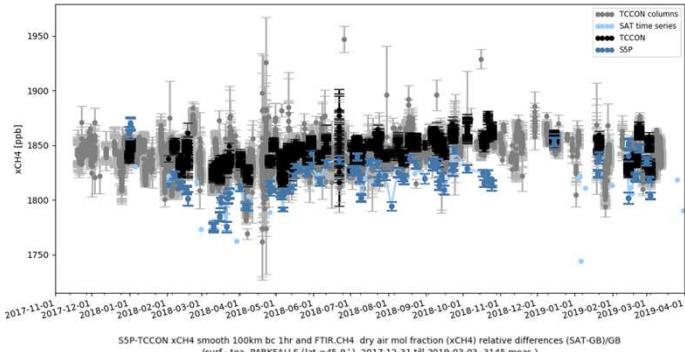
Figure 5: Left panel: correlation plot of TROPOMI and GOSAT CH<sub>4</sub> measurements. Right panel: ratio of GOSAT and TROPOMI CH<sub>4</sub> as a function of surface albedo. The black dashed line represents the second order polynomial fit from which the correction coefficients in Eq. 54 have been derived.

Reference: ATBD for Sentinel-5 Precursor Methane Retrieval

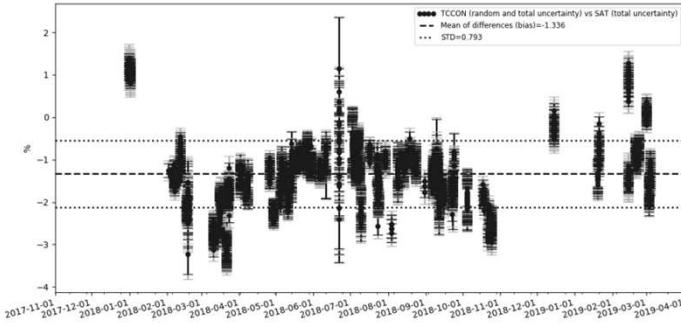


# S-5P validation results - XCH<sub>4</sub>

SSP-TCCON xCH<sub>4</sub> smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH<sub>4</sub> dry air mol fraction (xCH<sub>4</sub>) values  
(surf - toa, PARKFALLS (lat.=45.9°), 2017-12-31 till 2019-03-03, 3145 meas.)

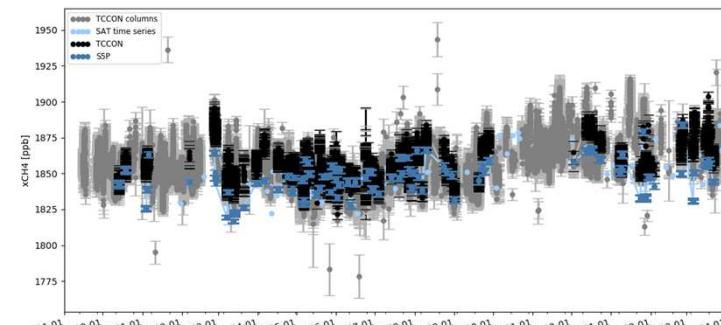


SSP-TCCON xCH<sub>4</sub> smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH<sub>4</sub> dry air mol fraction (xCH<sub>4</sub>) relative differences (SAT-GB)  
(surf - toa, PARKFALLS (lat.=45.9°), 2017-12-31 till 2019-03-03, 3145 meas.)

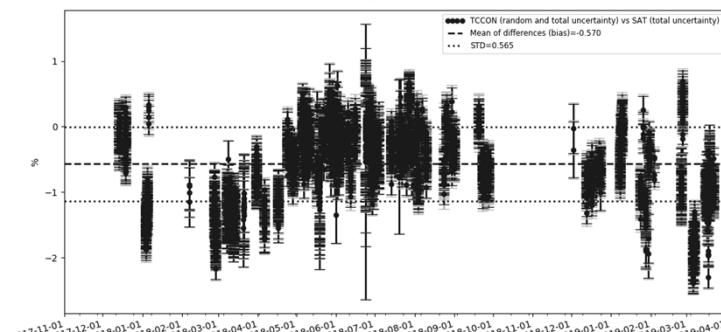


Parkfalls

SSP-TCCON xCH<sub>4</sub> smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH<sub>4</sub> dry air mol fraction (xCH<sub>4</sub>) values  
(surf - toa, LAMONT (lat.=36.6°), 2017-12-13 till 2019-03-21, 3472 meas.)

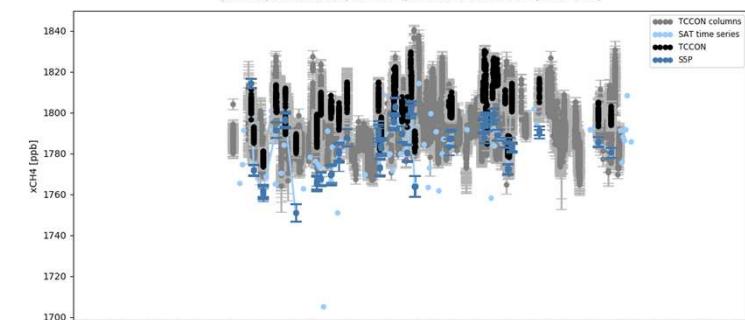


SSP-TCCON xCH<sub>4</sub> smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH<sub>4</sub> dry air mol fraction (xCH<sub>4</sub>) relative differences (SAT-GB)/GB  
(surf - toa, LAMONT (lat.=36.6°), 2017-12-13 till 2019-03-21, 3472 meas.)

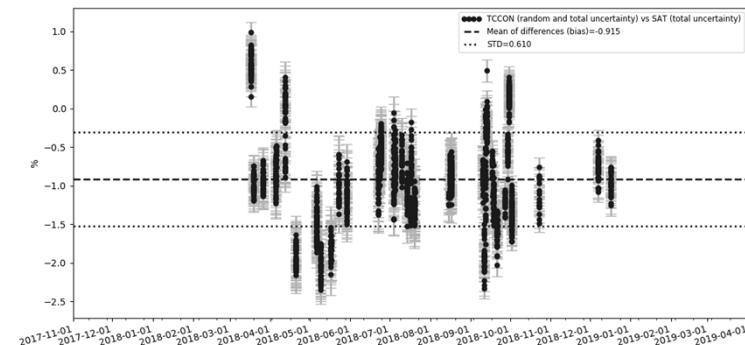


Lamont

SSP-TCCON xCH<sub>4</sub> smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH<sub>4</sub> dry air mol fraction (xCH<sub>4</sub>) values  
(surf - toa, WOLLONGONG (lat.=−34.4°), 2018-03-17 till 2018-12-17, 1577 meas.)



SSP-TCCON xCH<sub>4</sub> smooth 100km bc 1hr and FTIR.CH<sub>4</sub> dry air mol fraction (xCH<sub>4</sub>) relative differences (SAT-GB)/GB  
(surf - toa, WOLLONGONG (lat.=−34.4°), 2018-03-17 till 2018-12-17, 1577 meas.)



Wollongong



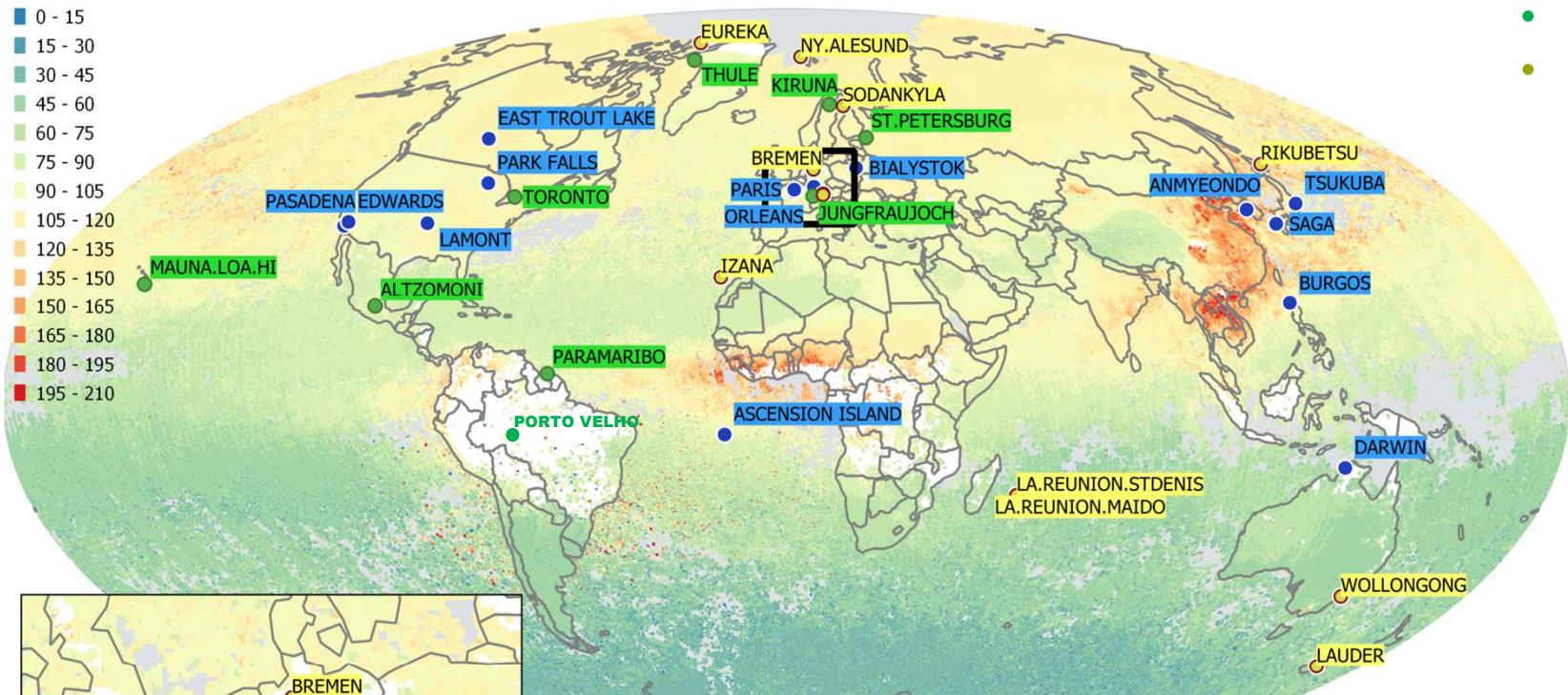
# S-5P validation results – XCH<sub>4</sub>

site	#	Std	correlation	mean relbias (%)	relbias std(%)	lat
EUREKA	643	0.8	0.75	0.77	0.57	80.0
NYALESUND	26	1.0	0.99	0.56	0.06	78.9
SODANKYLA	3070	0.8	0.32	-0.58	0.92	67.4
EASTTROUTLAKE	6864	0.8	0.51	-0.68	0.98	54.3
BIALYSTOK	1821	0.7	0.46	-0.46	0.56	53.2
BREMEN	636	0.9	0.53	-0.10	0.61	53.1
KARLSRUHE	1694	0.7	0.58	-0.47	0.54	49.1
PARIS	1334	0.6	0.53	0.01	0.51	48.8
ORLEANS	709	0.7	0.67	-0.27	0.36	48.0
GARMISCH	1045	0.7	0.65	0.25	0.56	47.5
ZUGSPITZE	122	0.9	0.43	0.01	0.90	47.4
PARKFALLS	3145	0.6	0.61	-1.34	0.79	45.9
RIKUBETSU	1631	0.7	0.79	-0.09	0.60	43.5
XIANGHE	1405	0.9	0.76	-0.56	0.68	39.8
LAMONT	3472	1.1	0.64	-0.57	0.57	36.6
TSUKUBA	3164	0.9	0.82	-0.06	0.47	36.0
EDWARDS	8321	0.8	0.83	0.06	0.42	35.0
JPL	3165	1.1	0.33	-1.35	0.64	34.2
PASADENA	8463	0.9	0.66	-0.79	0.56	34.1
SAGA	1062	1.0	0.41	-0.20	0.57	33.2
BURGOS	165	0.5	0.16	-0.16	0.22	18.5
DARWIN	2766	0.4	-0.01	-0.33	0.76	-12.5
WOLLONGONG	1577	0.9	0.63	-0.91	0.61	-34.4
LAUDER	2260	0.8	0.78	-0.03	0.46	-45.0
Mean	--	0.8	0.58	-0.30	0.58	



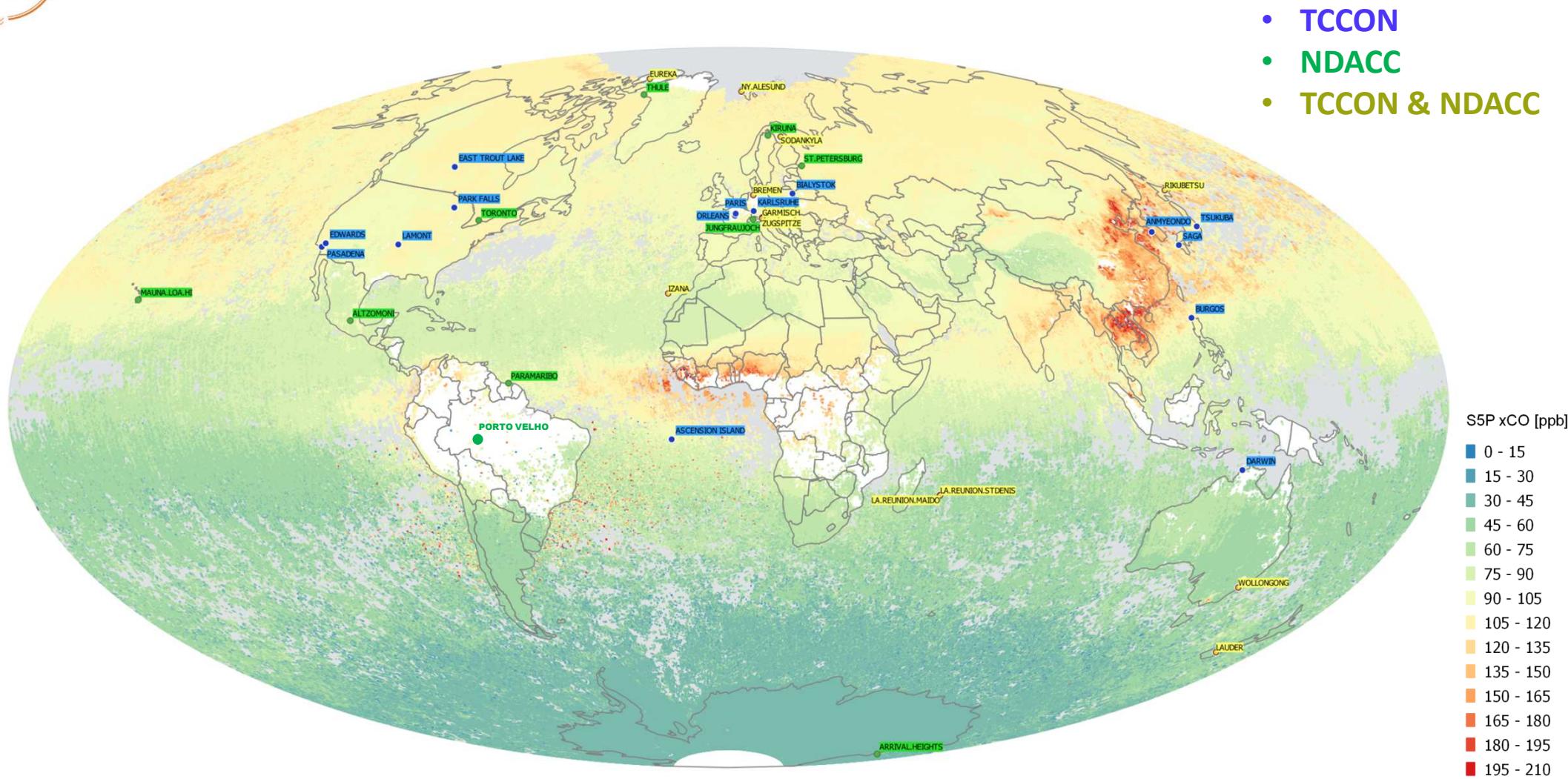
# S-5P xCO global plot – mean of 1-20 March 2019

S5P xCO [ppb] for Mar 1-20 2019



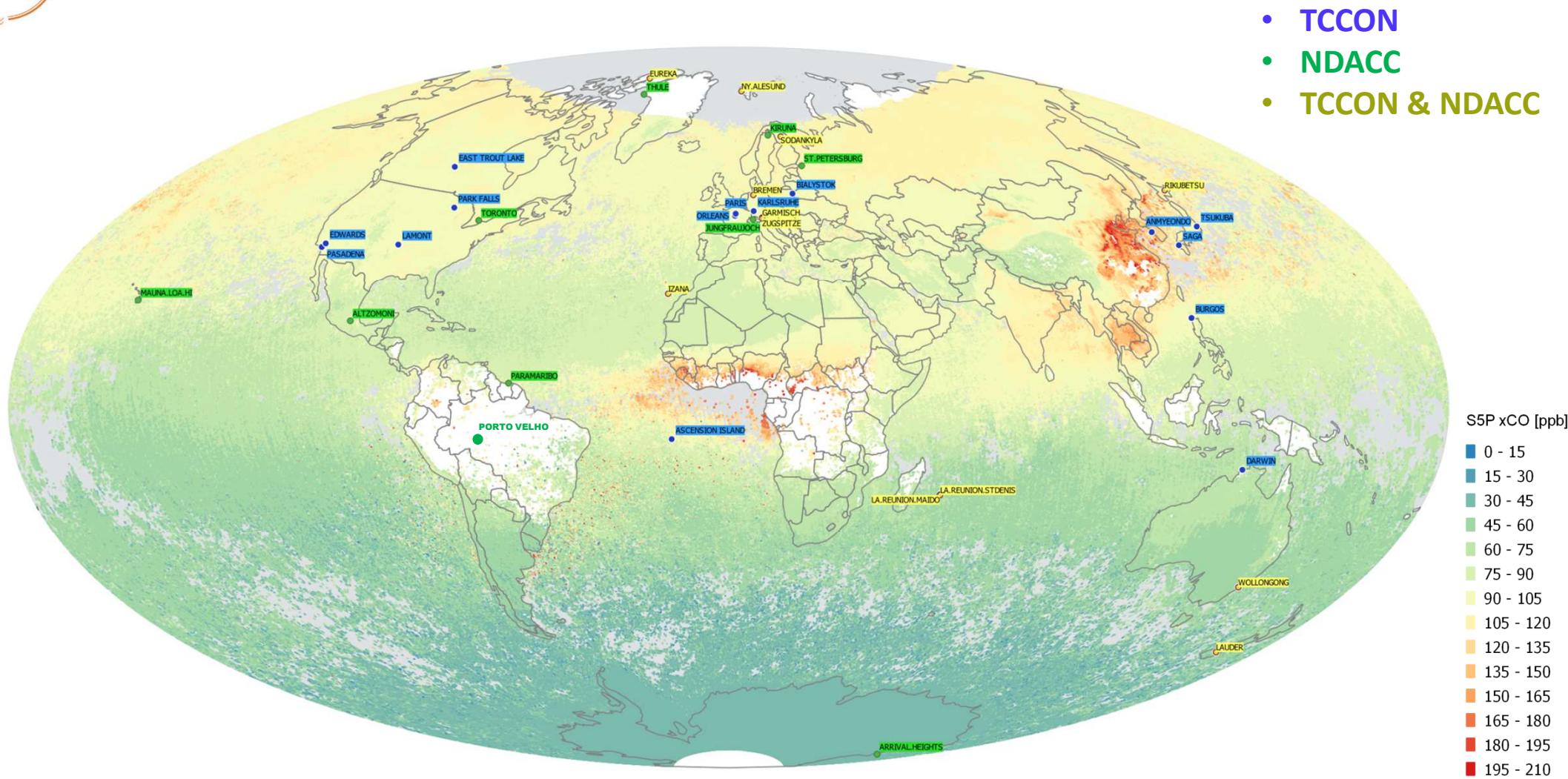


# S-5P xCO global plot – mean of 1-20 March 2019



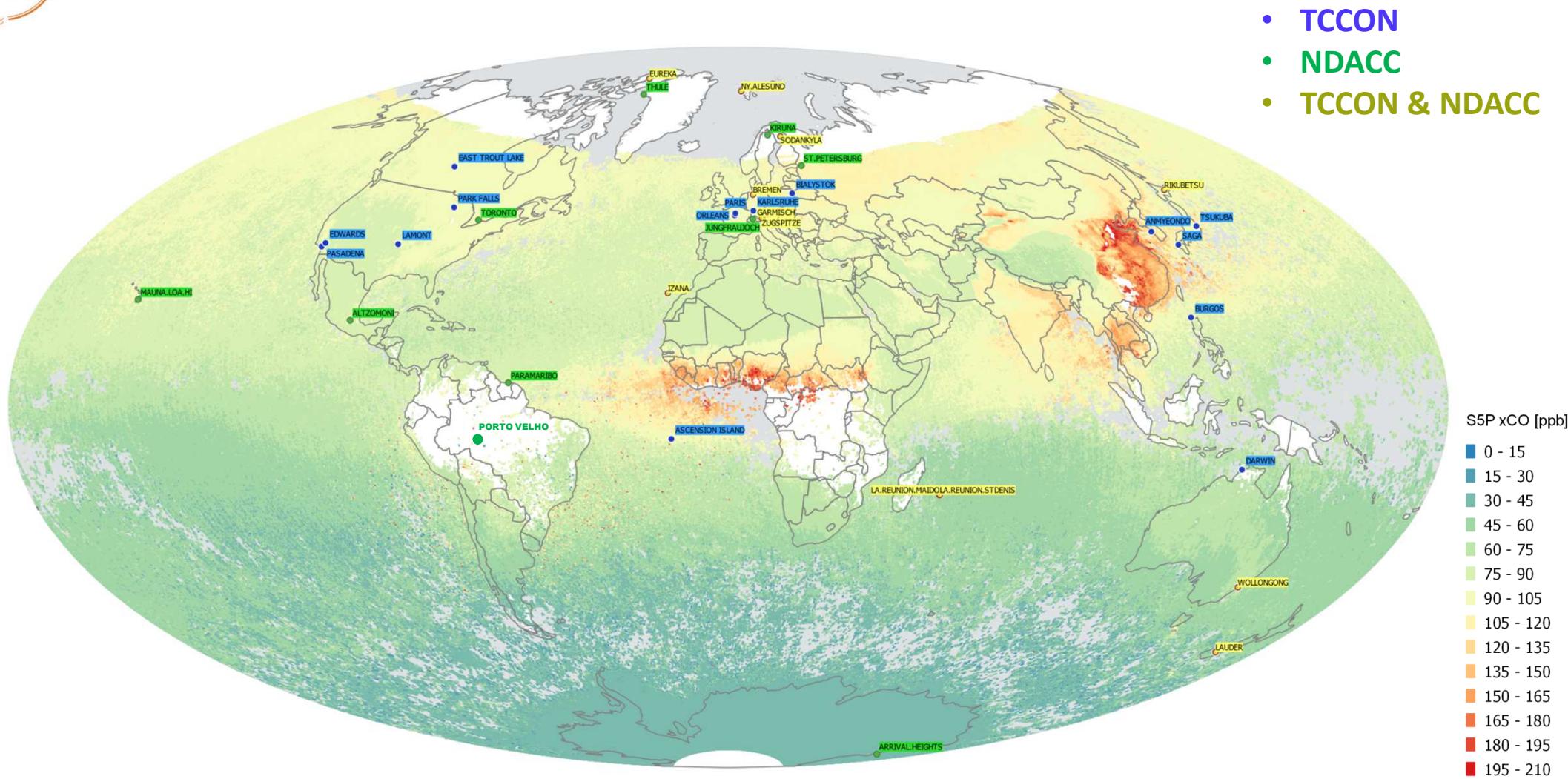


# S-5P xCO global plot – mean of 1-28 February 2019





# S-5P xCO global plot – mean of 1-31 January 2019

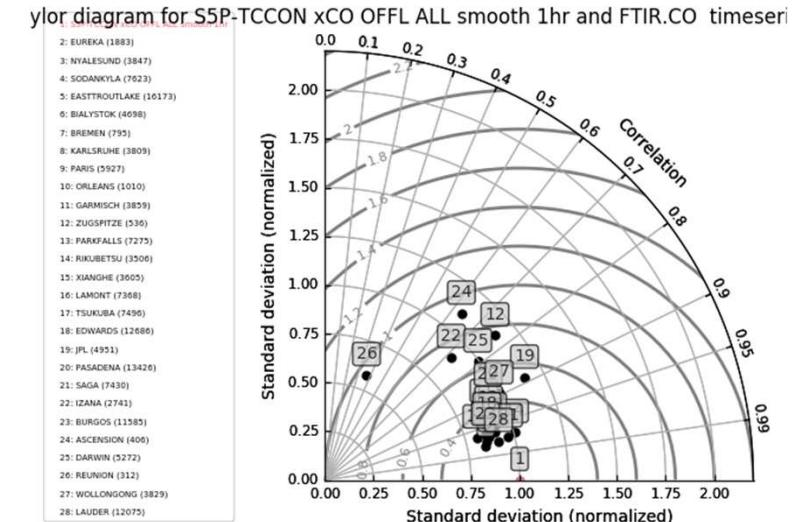
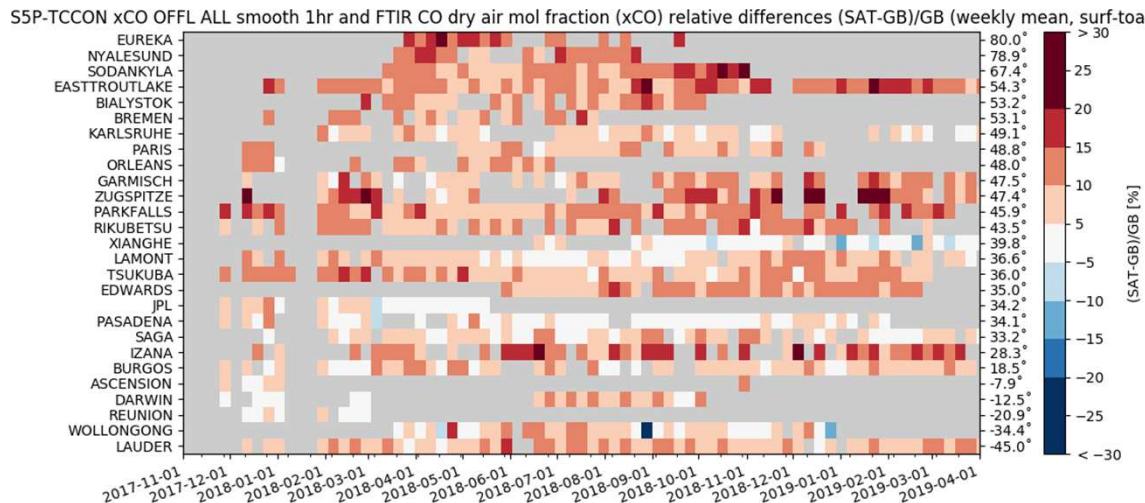
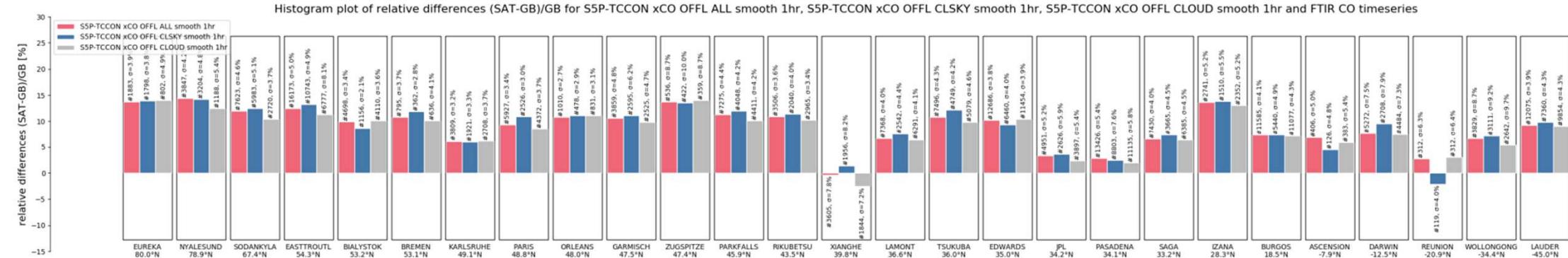




# S-5P validation results using TCCON - XCO

- ALL case; CLSKY case; CLOUD case

OFFLINE S-5P data

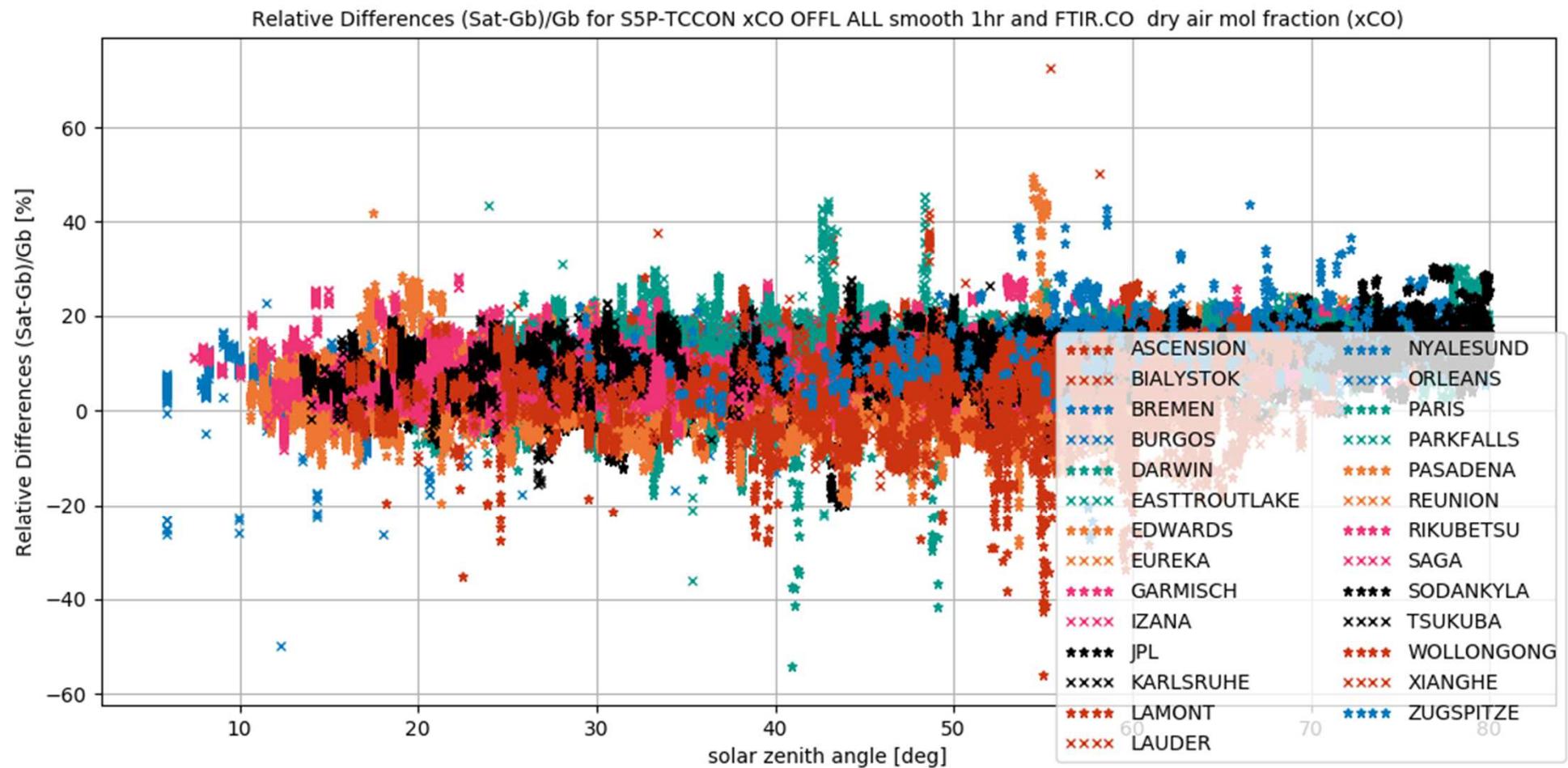




# S-5P validation results using TCCON - XCO

- ALL case – SZA dependence

OFFLINE S-5P data

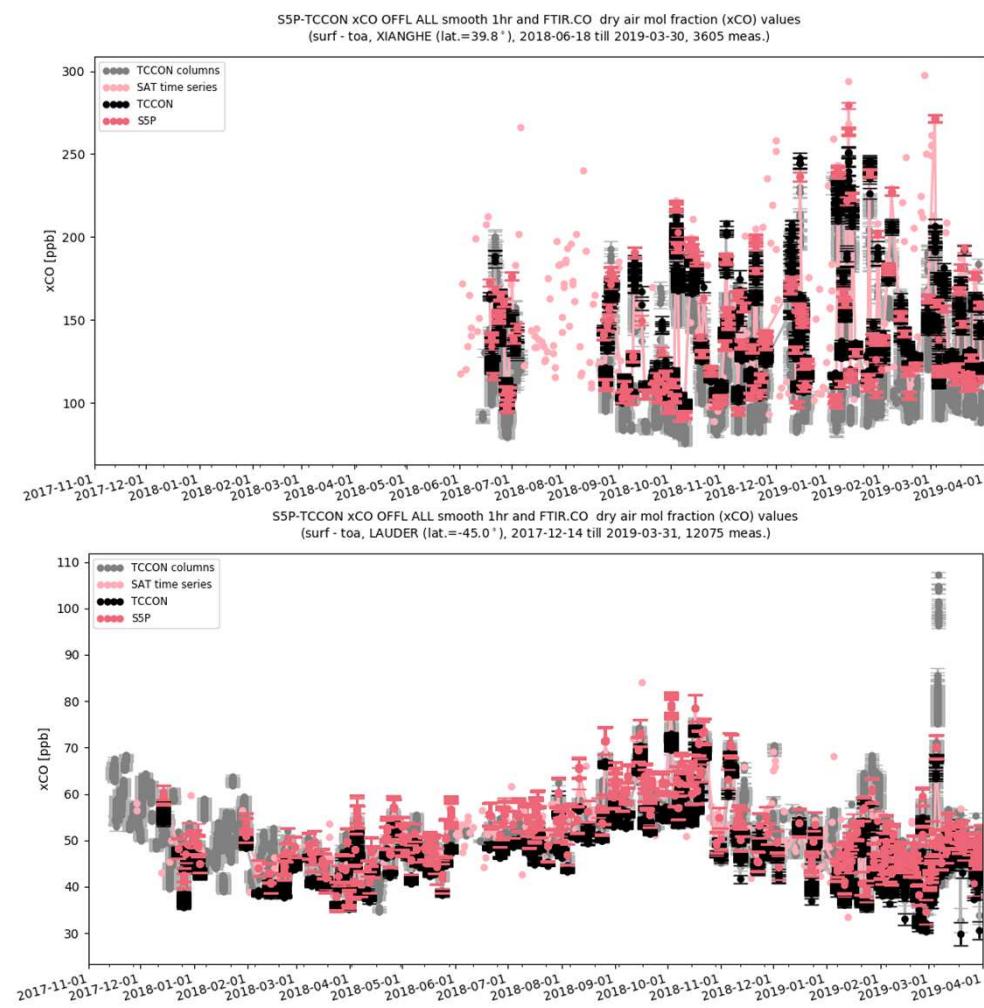
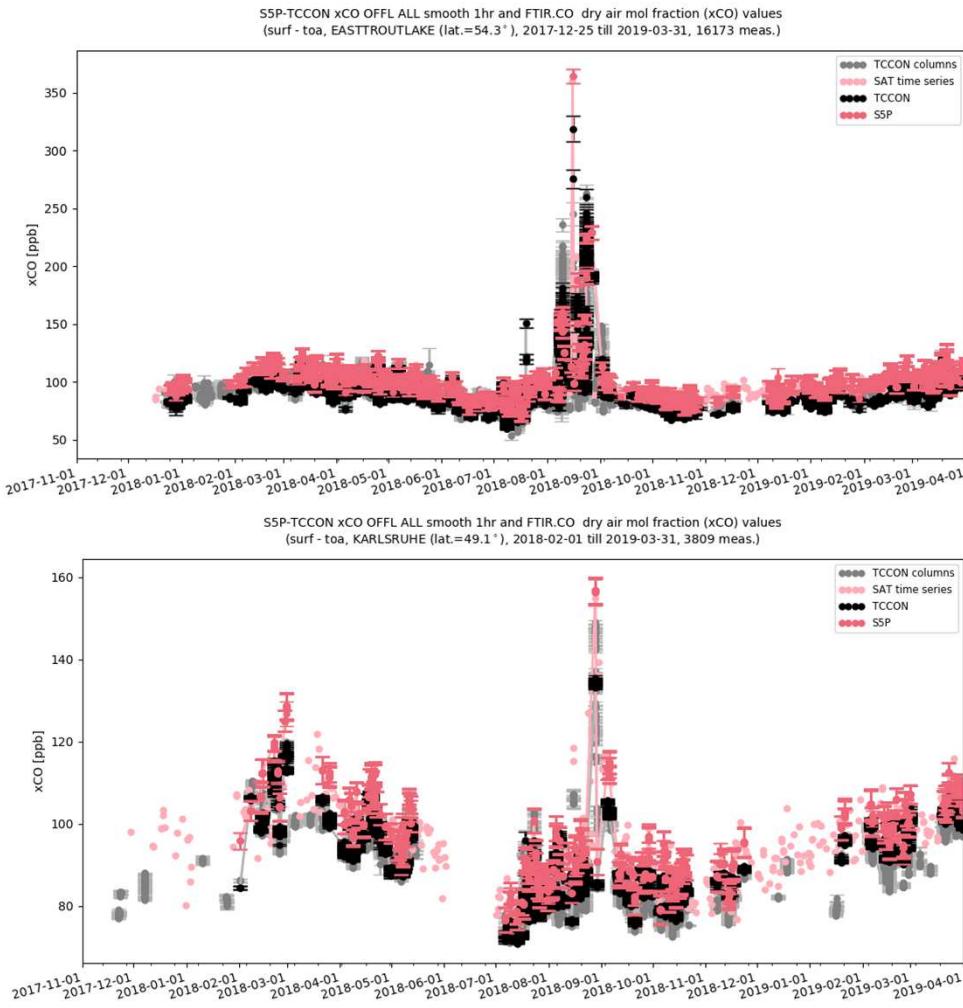




# S-5P validation results using TCCON - XCO

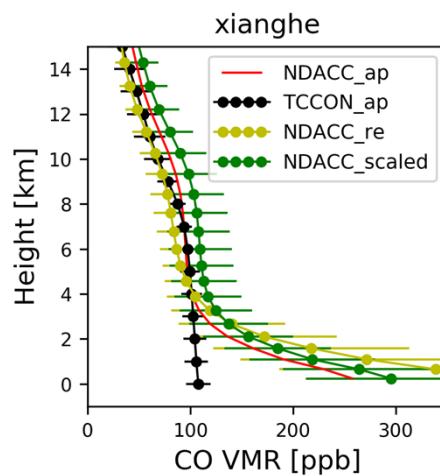
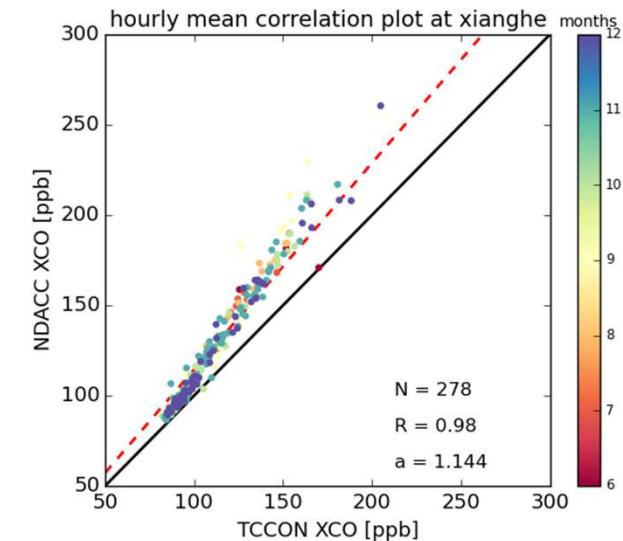
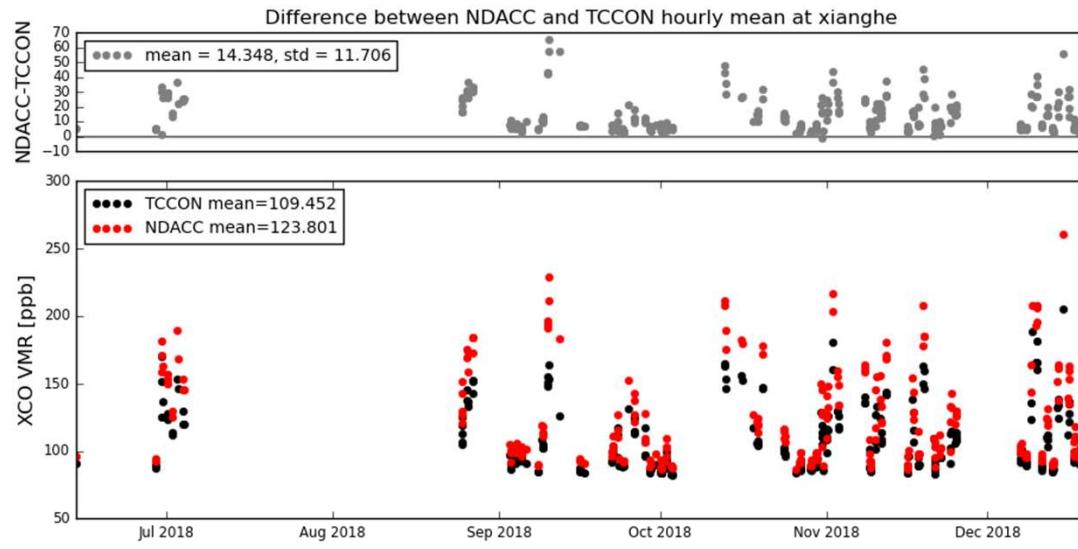
- ALL case

## OFFLINE S-5P data





# XCO in a polluted site



→ NDACC is  $11.6 \pm 9.5$ (SD)% larger than TCCON XCO

As Xianghe is located in a polluted area, the CO VMR at the surface is relatively high (which is confirmed by the WACCM model and NDACC retrieved profiles). However, the TCCON a priori profile is too low, which will lead into a underestimation from the smoothing error.

If using the scaled WACCM as the a priori profile, NDACC XCO is  $5.0 \pm 6.9$ % larger than TCCON XCO



# S-5P validation results using TCCON - XCO - ALL case

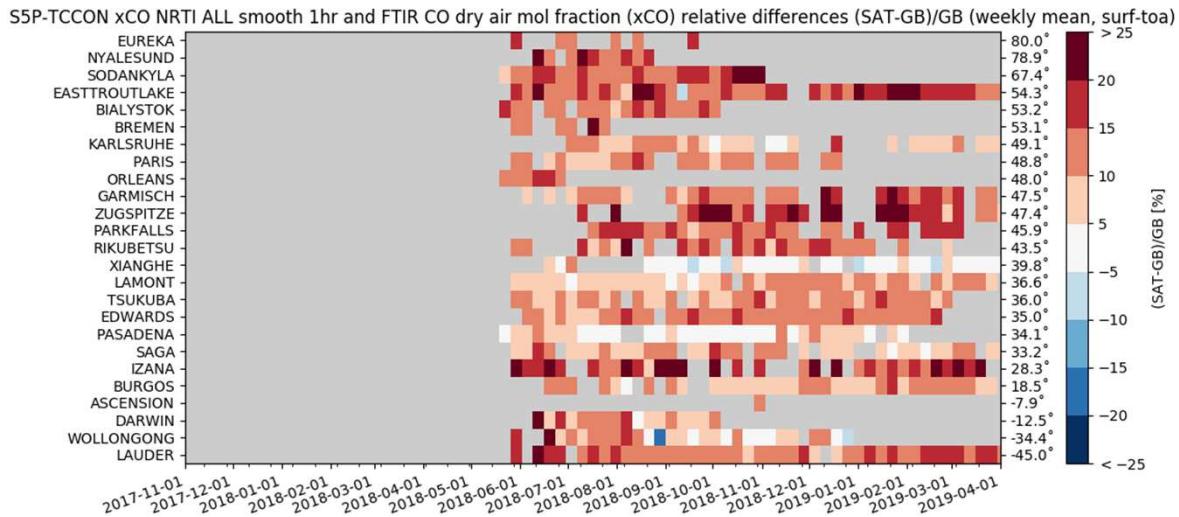
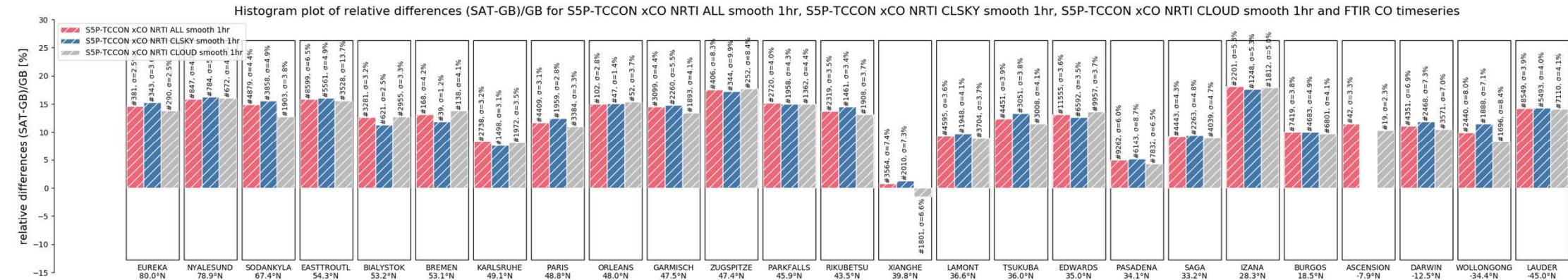
site	#	Std	correlation	mean relbias (%)	relbias std(%)	lat
EUREKA	1883	0.9	0.96	13.69	3.86	80.0
NYALESUND	3847	0.8	0.98	14.43	4.20	78.9
SODANKYLA	7623	0.9	0.97	11.94	4.58	67.4
EASTTROUTLAKE	16173	0.9	0.95	12.49	4.99	54.3
BIALYSTOK	4698	0.9	0.97	9.89	3.39	53.2
BREMEN	795	0.9	0.96	10.77	3.72	53.1
KARLSRUHE	3809	0.9	0.96	6.09	3.20	49.1
PARIS	5927	0.9	0.94	9.32	3.40	48.8
ORLEANS	1010	0.9	0.96	10.81	2.67	48.0
GARMISCH	3859	0.9	0.92	10.60	4.76	47.5
ZUGSPITZE	536	1.1	0.76	13.76	8.69	47.4
PARKFALLS	7275	0.9	0.94	11.25	4.35	45.9
RIKUBETSU	3506	1.0	0.97	10.89	3.56	43.5
XIANGHE	3605	0.8	0.96	-0.35	7.77	39.8
LAMONT	7368	0.9	0.95	6.66	4.01	36.6
TSUKUBA	7496	0.9	0.96	10.85	4.27	36.0
EDWARDS	12686	0.9	0.95	10.20	3.75	35.0
JPL	4951	1.2	0.89	3.36	5.18	34.2
PASADENA	13426	0.9	0.89	2.83	5.36	34.1
SAGA	7430	1.0	0.97	6.50	3.95	33.2
IZANA	2741	0.9	0.72	13.59	5.23	28.3
BURGOS	11585	0.9	0.96	7.30	4.12	18.5
ASCENSION	406	1.1	0.63	6.84	5.01	-7.9
DARWIN	5272	1.0	0.79	7.63	7.46	-12.5
REUNION	312	0.6	0.37	2.74	6.29	-20.9
WOLLONGONG	3829	1.0	0.90	6.64	8.72	-34.4
LAUDER	12075	0.9	0.98	9.28	3.92	-45.0
Mean	--	0.9	0.89	8.89	4.83	



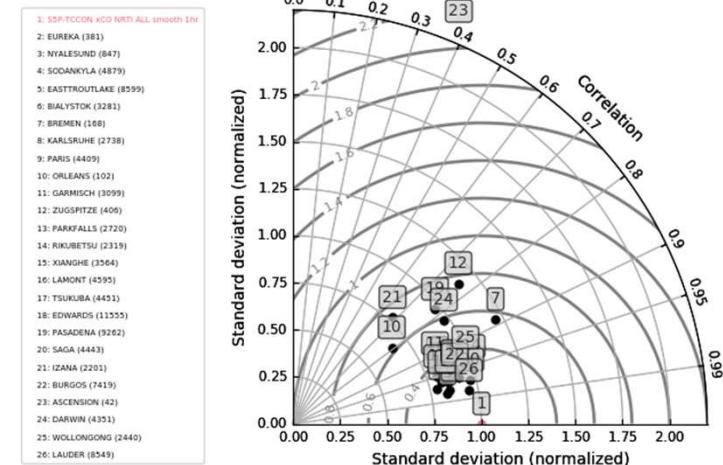
# S-5P validation results using TCCON - XCO

- ALL case; CLSKY case; CLOUD case

NRTI S-5P data



Scatter plot diagram for S5P-TCCON xCO NRTI ALL smooth 1hr and FTIR.CO timeseries

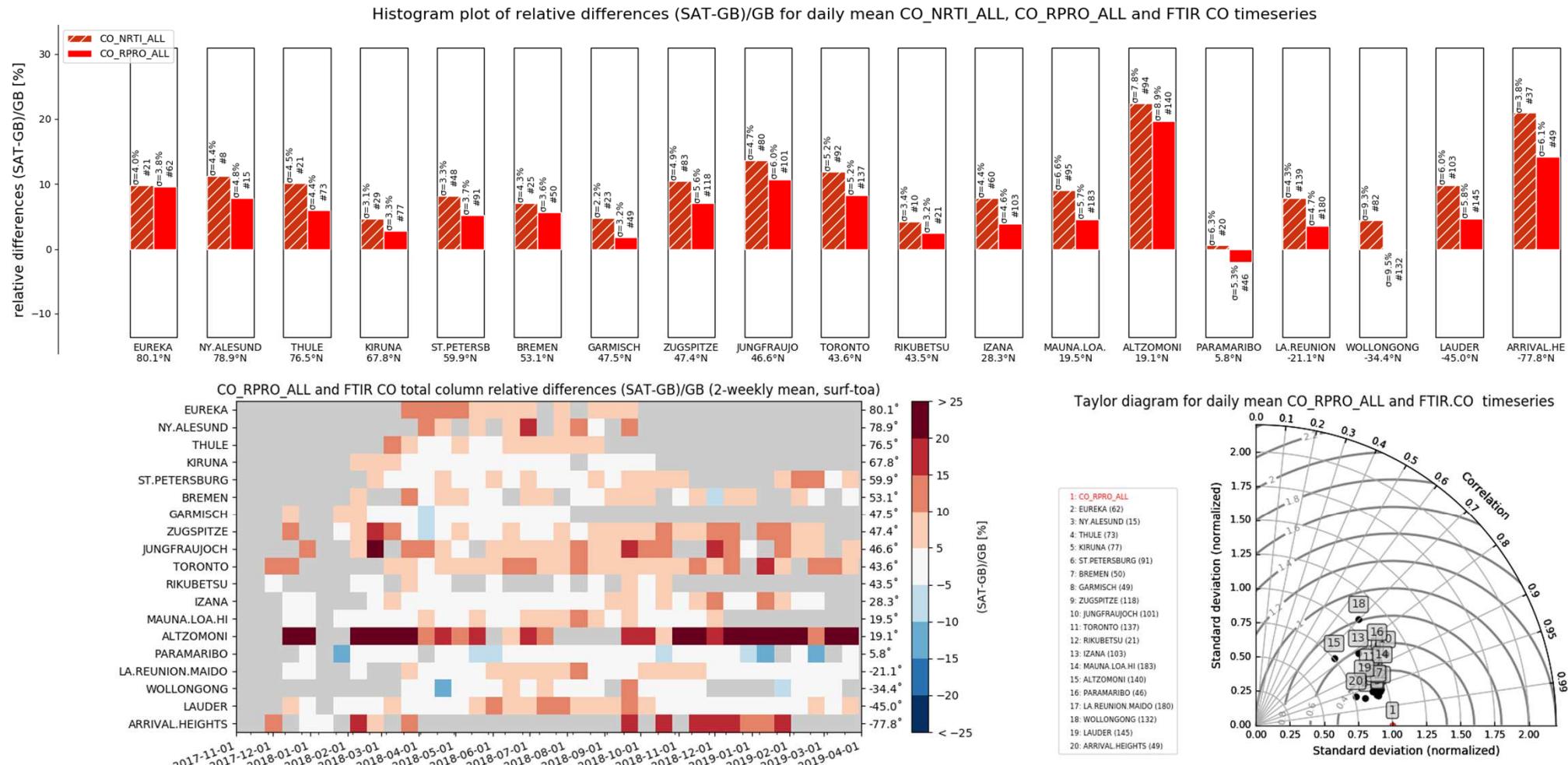




# S-5P validation results using NDACC-IRWG – XCO

- ALL case; CLSKY case; CLOUD case

OFFLINE S-5P data





# S-5P validation results using NDACC - XCO - ALL case

site	#	Std	correlation	mean relbias (%)	relbias std(%)	lat
EUREKA	62	0.8	0.97	9.57	3.76	80.1
NY.ALESUND	15	0.9	0.94	7.86	4.81	78.9
THULE	73	0.9	0.96	5.99	4.37	76.5
KIRUNA	77	0.9	0.97	2.75	3.32	67.8
ST.PETERSBURG	91	0.9	0.96	5.16	3.75	59.9
BREMEN	50	1.0	0.96	5.66	3.61	53.1
GARMISCH	49	0.9	0.97	1.85	3.21	47.5
ZUGSPITZE	118	1.0	0.89	7.02	5.59	47.4
JUNGFRAUJOCH	101	1.1	0.88	10.70	5.99	46.6
TORONTO	137	0.9	0.91	8.24	5.16	43.6
RIKUBETSU	21	1.0	0.96	2.47	3.20	43.5
IZANA	103	0.9	0.82	3.90	4.55	28.3
MAUNA.LOA.HI	183	1.0	0.92	4.53	5.73	19.5
ALTZOMONI	140	0.8	0.76	19.69	8.93	19.1
PARAMARIBO	46	1.1	0.84	-2.16	5.26	5.8
LA.REUNION.MAIDO	180	0.9	0.96	3.53	4.72	-21.1
WOLLONGONG	132	1.1	0.70	-0.15	9.45	-34.4
LAUDER	145	0.9	0.93	4.65	5.77	-45.0
ARRIVAL HEIGHTS	49	0.8	0.96	14.21	6.10	-77.8
-----	--	0.94	0.92	5.32	4.91	



# S-5P validation results using NDACC - XCO - ALL case

site	#	Std	correlation	mean relbias (%)	relbias std(%)	lat
EUREKA	62	0.8	0.97	9.57	3.76	80.1
NY.ALESUND	15	0.9	0.94	7.86	4.81	78.9
THULE	73	0.9	0.96	5.99	4.37	76.5
KIRUNA	77	0.9	0.97	2.75	3.32	67.8
ST.PETERSBURG	91	0.9	0.96	5.16	3.75	59.9
BREMEN	50	1.0	0.96	5.66	3.61	53.1
GARMISCH	49	0.9	0.97	1.85	3.21	47.5
ZUGSPITZE	118	1.0	0.89	7.02	5.59	47.4
JUNGFRAUJOCH	101	1.1	0.88	10.70	5.99	46.6
TORONTO	137	0.9	0.91	8.24	5.16	43.6
RIKUBETSU	21	1.0	0.96	2.47	3.20	43.5
IZANA	103	0.9	0.82	3.90	4.55	28.3
MAUNA.LOA.HI	183	1.0	0.92	4.53	5.73	19.5
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LAUDER	145	0.9	0.93	4.65	5.77	-45.0
ARRIVAL HEIGHTS	49	0.8	0.96	14.21	6.10	-77.8
-----	--	0.94	0.92	5.32	4.91	



## Summary and conclusions

- First validation study covering whole TCCON and several NDACC stations
- Good coincidences for many sites but also very few coincidences for some sites
- Validation of TROPOMI XCH4 with TCCON XCH4:
  - Bias corrected product show better result; high negative bias for some stations are due to the way the albedo correction is currently done; bias in the high latitude sites due to the profile difference of CH4; SZA dependence seen for the stations
  - Mean bias of  $-0.3\% \pm 0.51\%$  (24 stations; median bias of  $-0.235\%$ )
    - ➔ **systematic uncertainty (1.5%) compliant with mission requirement**
  - Standard deviation for all sites  $< 1\%$ 
    - ➔ **random uncertainty (1%) compliant with mission requirement**
  - Correlation coefficient is  $\sim 0.6$  (median)
- Validation of TROPOMI XCO with TCCON XCO:
  - Positive bias for all stations; SZA dependence seen for stations;
  - Mean bias of  $8.89\% \pm 3.78\%$  (27 stations; median bias of  $9.89\%$ )
    - ➔ **systematic uncertainty compliant with mission requirement;**
  - Standard deviation for all sites  $< 10\%$ 
    - ➔ **random uncertainty compliant with mission requirement**
  - Correlation coefficient is  $> 0.95$  (median)



## Conclusions and recommendations

- Validation of TROPOMI XCO with TCCON and NDACC CO products:
  - Mean bias of  $8.89\% \pm 3.78\%$  w.r.t TCCON and  $5.32\% \pm 3.94\%$  w.r.t NDACC
  - Mission requirement: < 15%
    - ➔ **systematic uncertainty compliant with mission requirement;**
  - Standard deviation for all sites  $\sim 0.89\%$  w.r.t TCCON and  $\sim \%$  w.r.t NDACC
  - Mission requirement: < 10%
    - ➔ **random uncertainty compliant with mission requirement**
- It is strongly recommended that the stripe feature be further investigated and taken into account in the processing (preferably in the L1 step).
- Overall recommendation: Yes, the CH4 product is ready for release to the public along with the product readme file.



## Notes

**Acknowledgements:** Sentinel-5 Precursor is a European Space Agency (ESA) mission on behalf of the European Commission (EC). The TROPOMI payload is a joint development by ESA and the Netherlands Space Office (NSO). The Sentinel-5 Precursor ground-segment development has been funded by ESA and with national contributions from The Netherlands, Germany, and Belgium.

This TCCON4S5P validation work has been funded by Belgian national agency (BELSPO) through the TROVA project, and the TCCON data have been funded by the individual national agencies of each partner.

The NDACC-IRWG data have been funded by the individual national agencies of each partner.

The VDAF validation work has been funded by ESA and BELSPO / BIRA-IASB.

**Thank you for your attention!**